

A unique Schwann cell subtype contributing to keloid formation

Rigorosum to obtain the academic degree

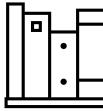
„Doctor of Philosophy“

by

Dr. med. univ. Martin Direder

Presentation structure

- Personal Background
- General Introduction
- First study
- Second study
- Conclusion



1

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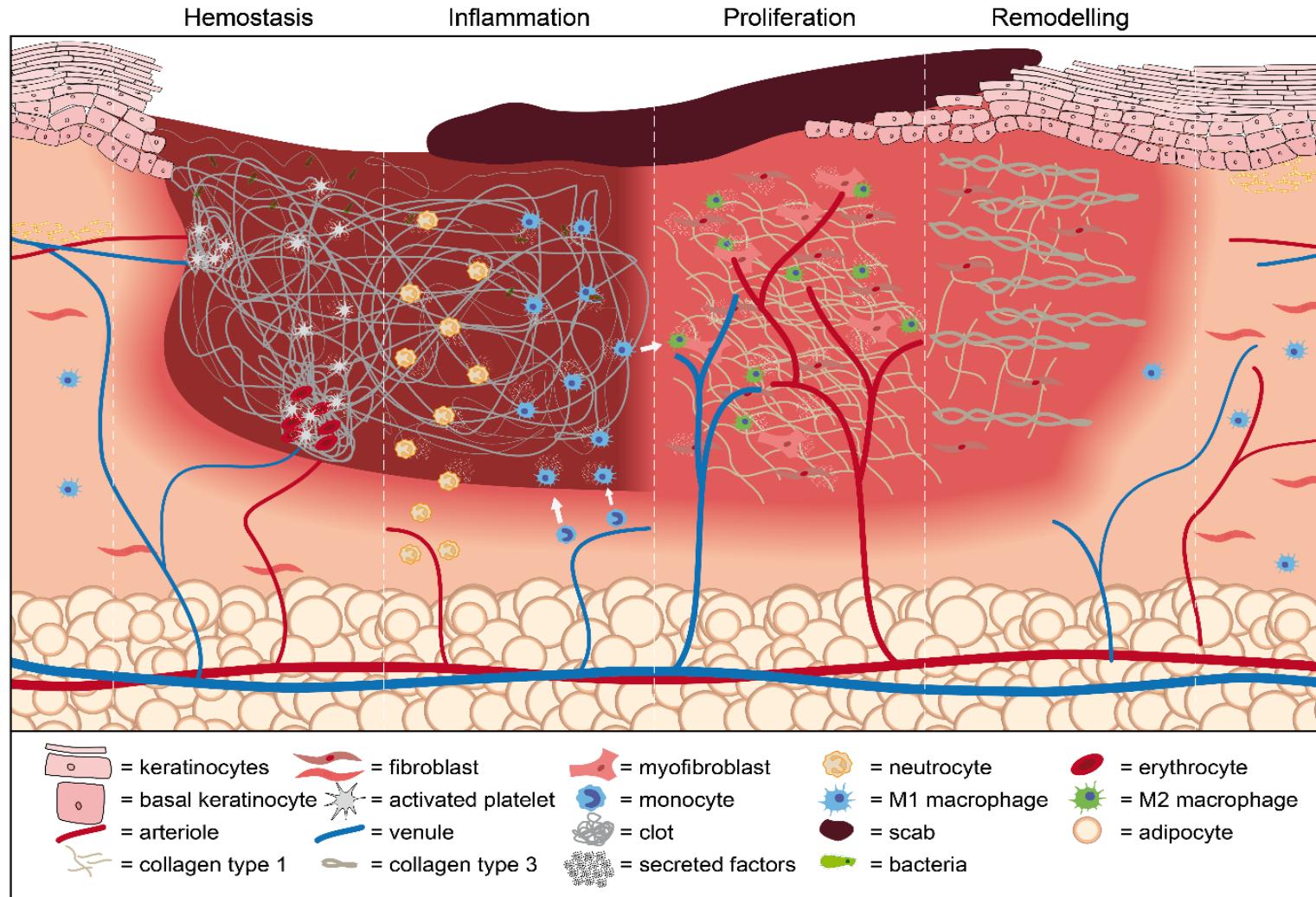
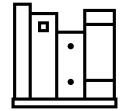


Personal Background

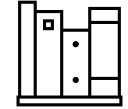


- Born 1993 Tulln, Lower Austria, Austria
- 2008 – 2013 Priv. HTL for Foodtechnology and Foodsafety Hollabrunn
- 2013 – 2014 Civilian Service, Red Cross Austria
- 2014 – 2020 Medical Studies, Medical University of Vienna
- 2019 – 2020 MDPhD Studies „Vascular Biology“, Medical University of Vienna
- Since 2020 PhD Studies, Medical University of Vienna
- Since 08/2022 Resident, Department of Orthopedic and Trauma-Surgery,
Medical University of Vienna

Stages of wound healing

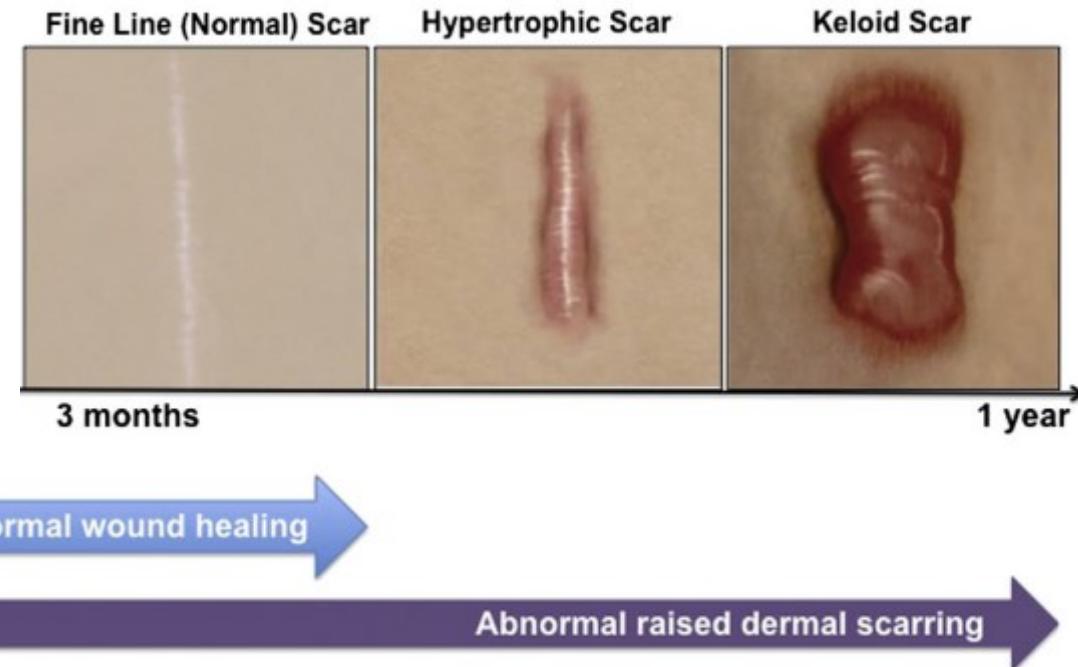


Wound healing & Scarring



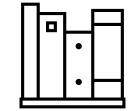
Processes affecting the extent of scar formation:

- Contraction
- Mechanical stretching
- Inflammation



Ud-Din S, Bayat A. New insights on keloids, hypertrophic scars, and striae. Dermatol Clin. 2014 Apr;32(2):193-209. doi: 10.1016/j.det.2013.11.002. PMID: 24680006.

Keloids



- Scar-like pathology
- Excessive and invasive growth beyond the wound borders
- Symptoms:
 - Pruritus
 - Pain
 - Dysesthesia
 - movement restriction
 - psychosocial impairment
- Limited treatment possibilities
- Genetic factors & chronic inflammation discussed
- **Pathogenesis still unclear**



https://images-prod.healthline.com/hlcmsresource/images/topic_centers/2019-6/Large-keloid-1296x728-gallery_slide4.jpg
https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/utsw-patientcare-web-production/original_images/keloid_ear_320.jpg
https://dccdn.de/pictures.doccheck.com/images/1b7/e2f/1b7e2ffd6582b843dfe4f2a8c43c8b69/42288/m_1407914489.jpg
http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S1807-59322014000800565

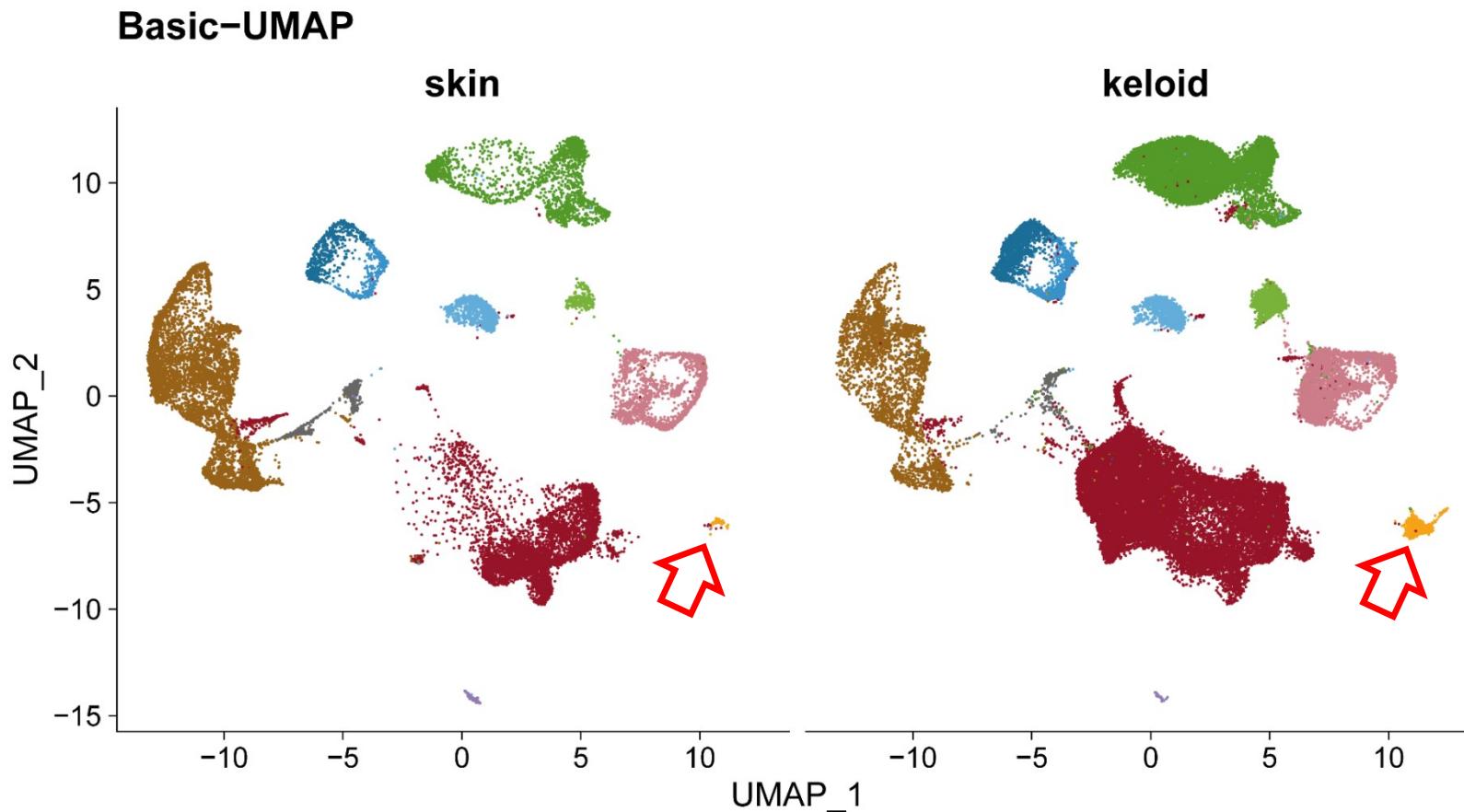
Aim of the first study

1

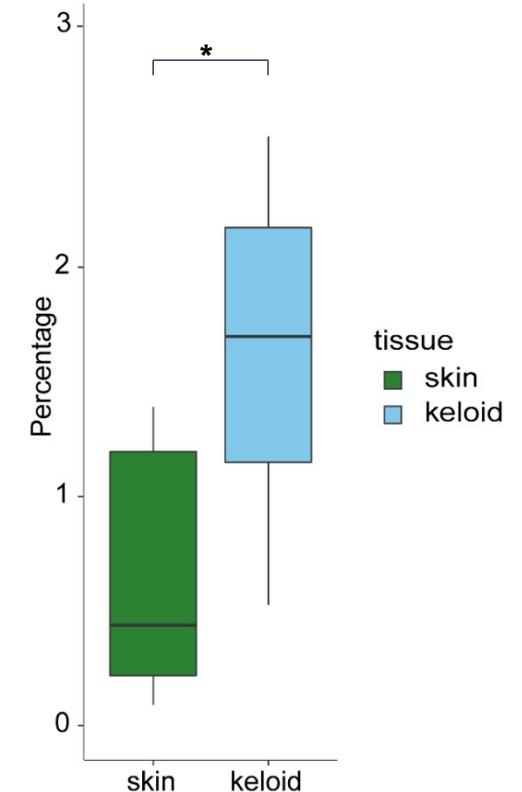
„Application of scRNASeq
to uncover so far unrecognized cellular contributions
and pathologic mechanisms in keloids“

Single Cell RNA sequencing – Skin vs. Keloid

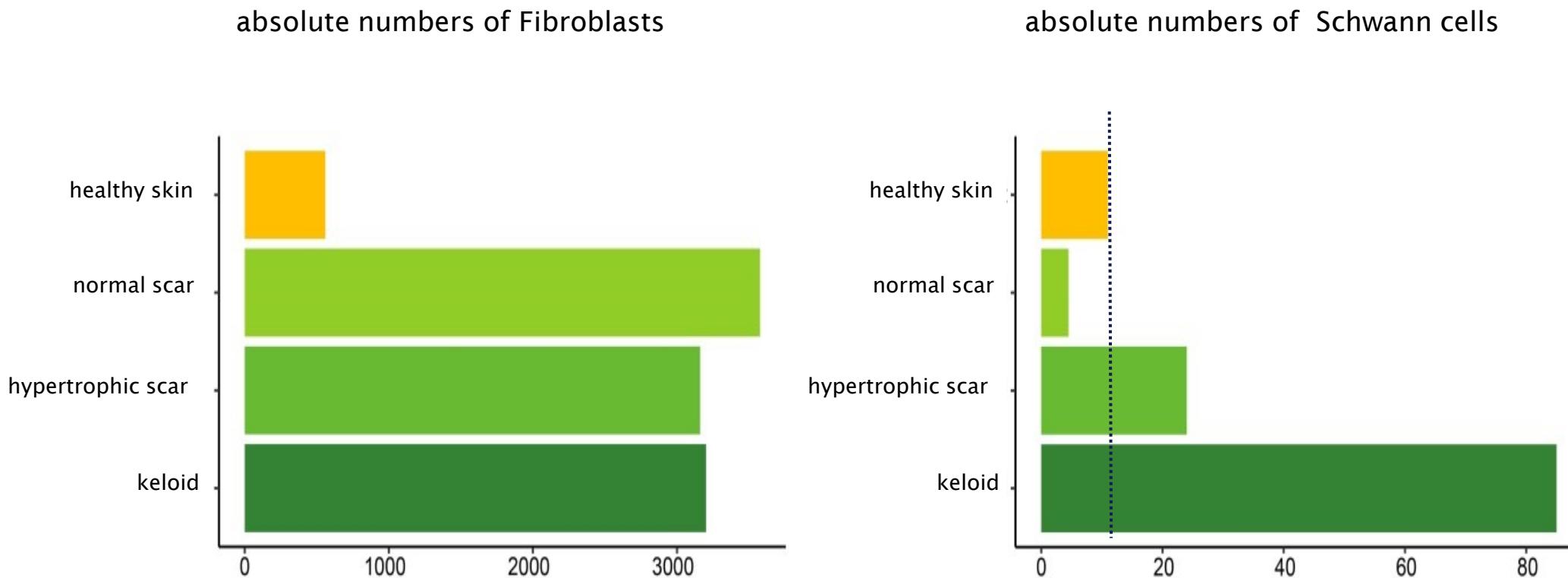
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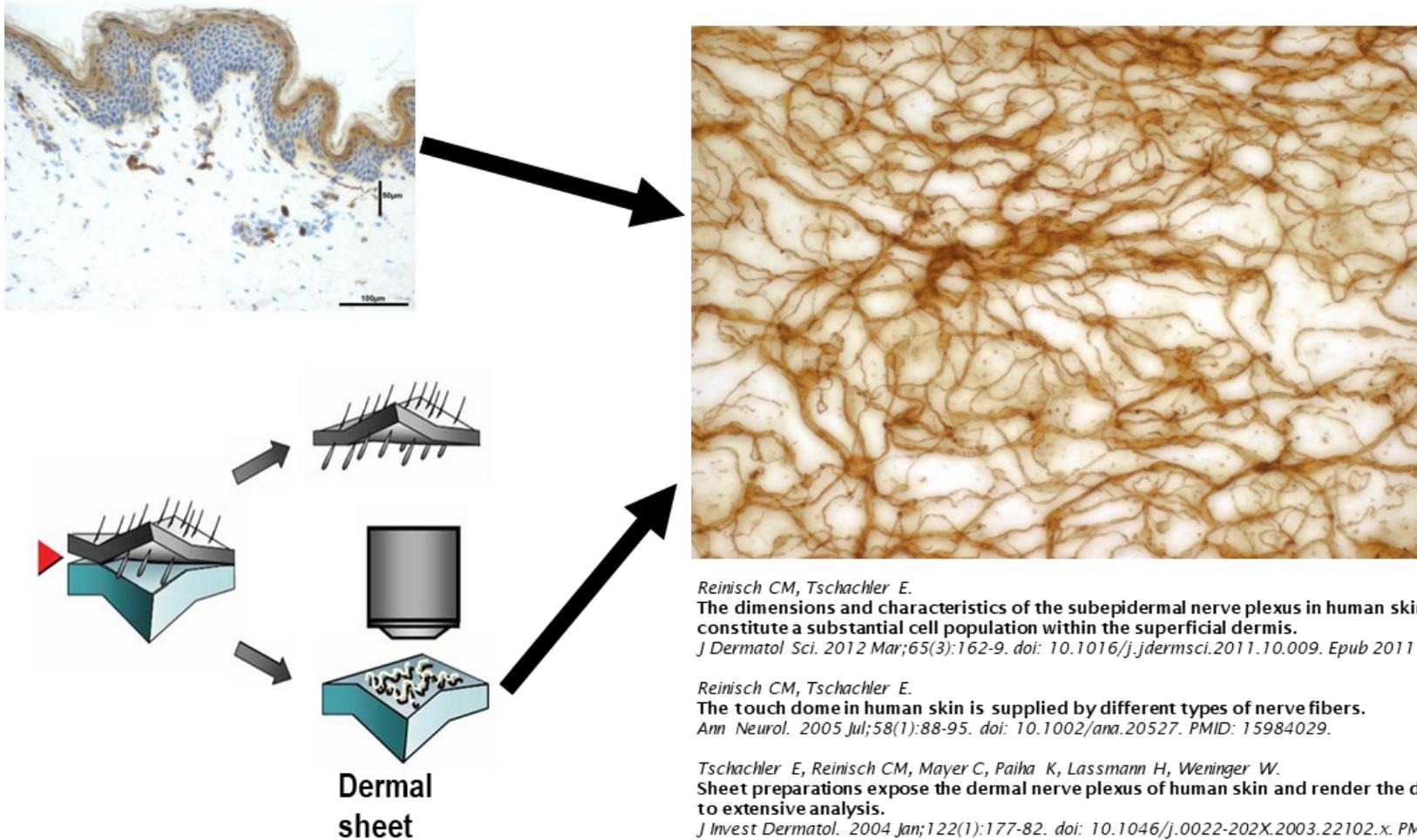
SC-Percentage comparison



Comparison of fibroblasts and Schwann cells in different scar types

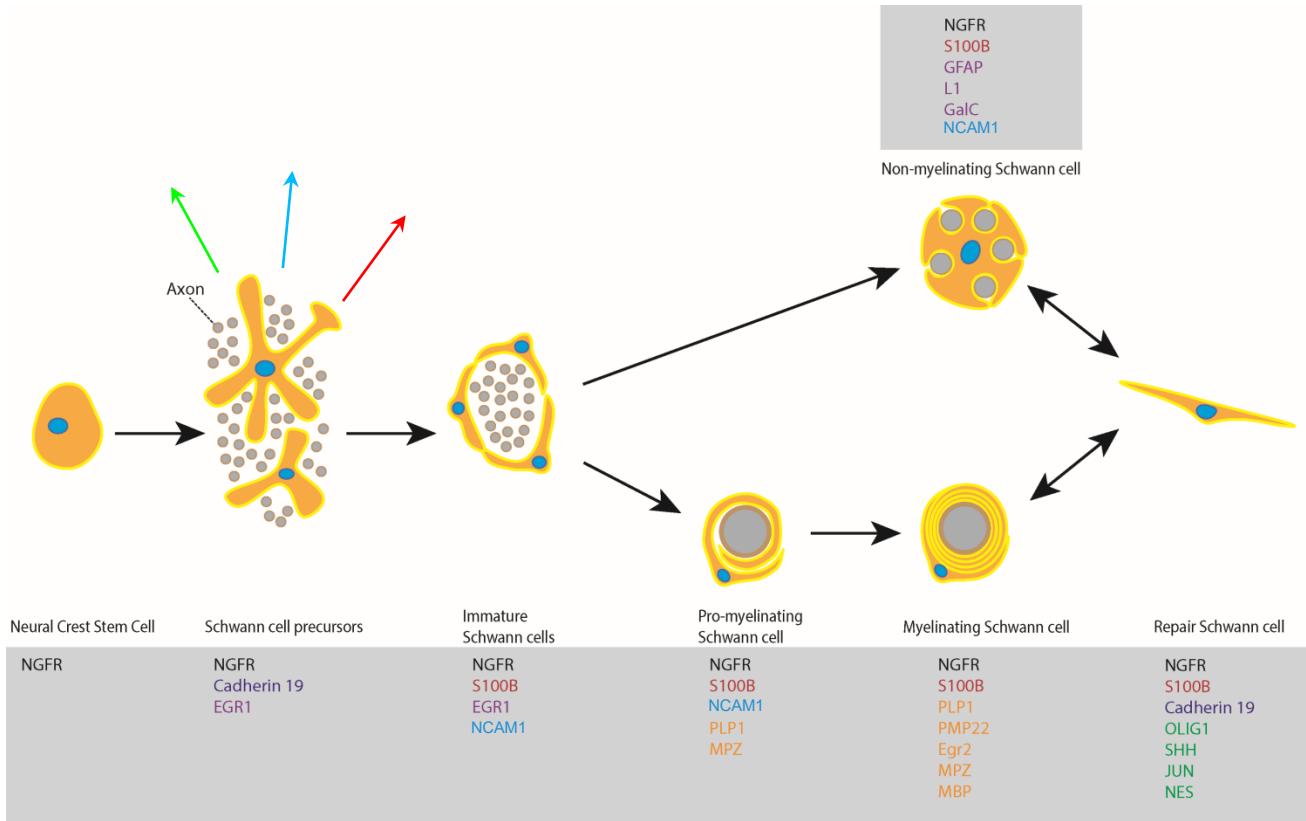


The subepidermal nerve plexus in a bird's eye view



Schwann cell development

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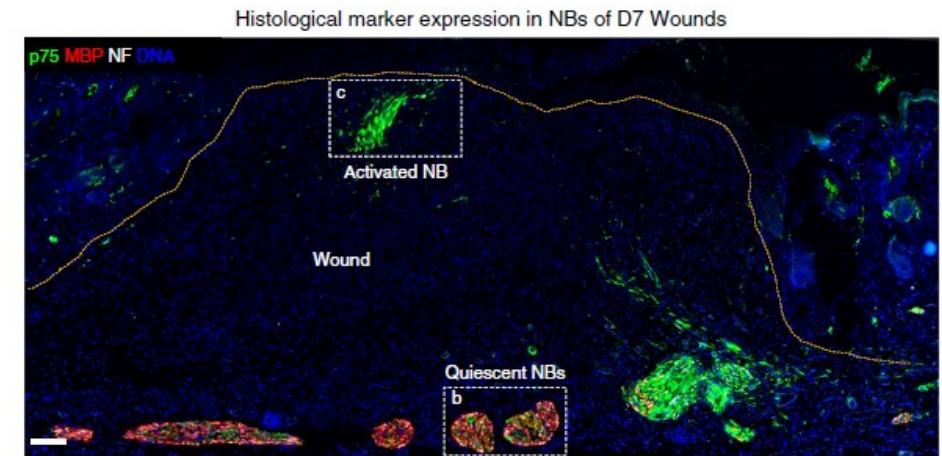
ARTICLE

DOI: 10.1038/s41467-017-01488-2

OPEN

Injury-activated glial cells promote wound healing of the adult skin in mice

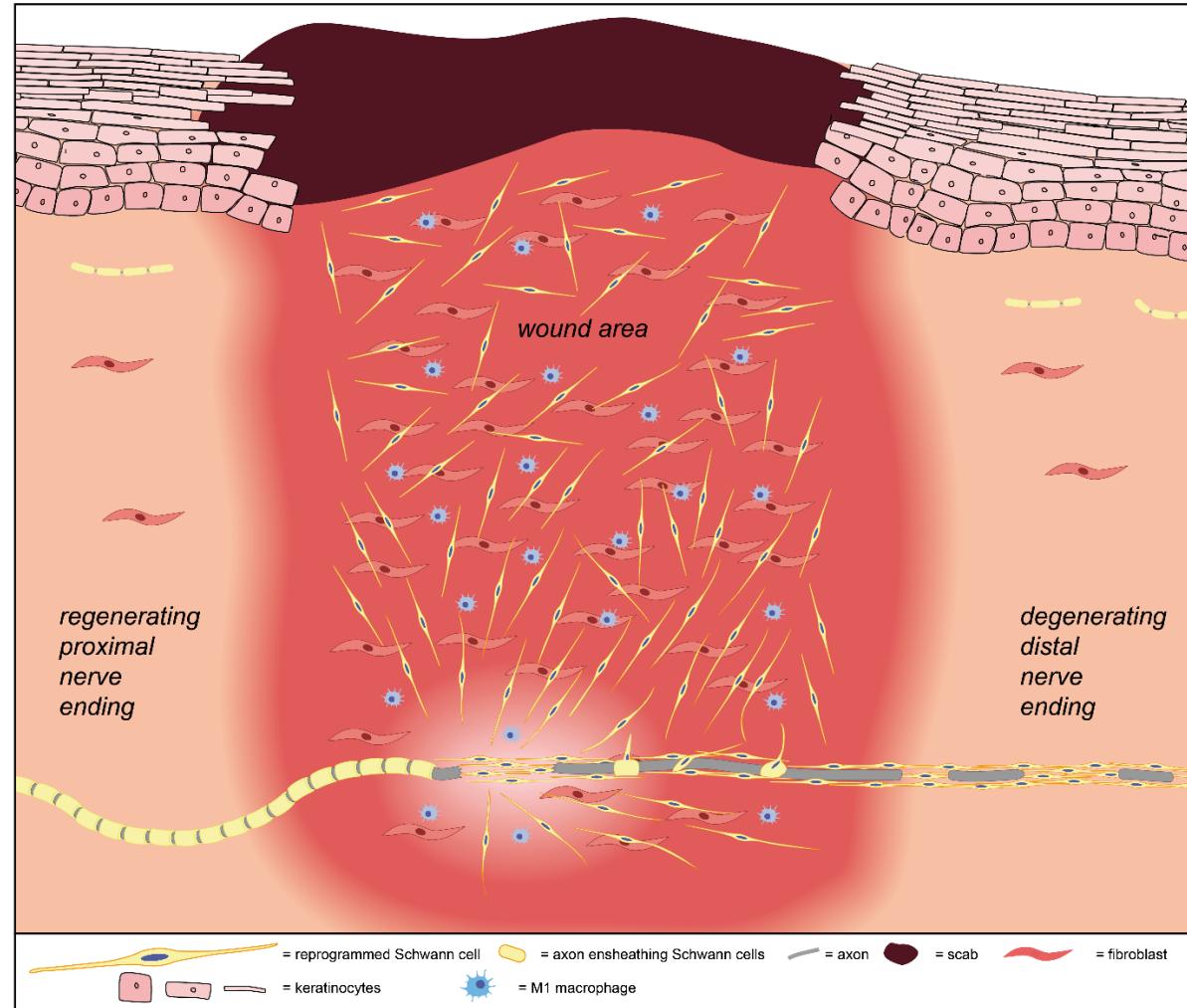
Vadims Parfejevs^{1,2}, Julien Debbache¹, Olga Shakhova³, Simon M. Schaefer¹, Mareen Glausch¹, Michael Wegner⁴, Ueli Suter⁵, Una Riekstina², Sabine Werner⁵ & Lukas Sommer¹



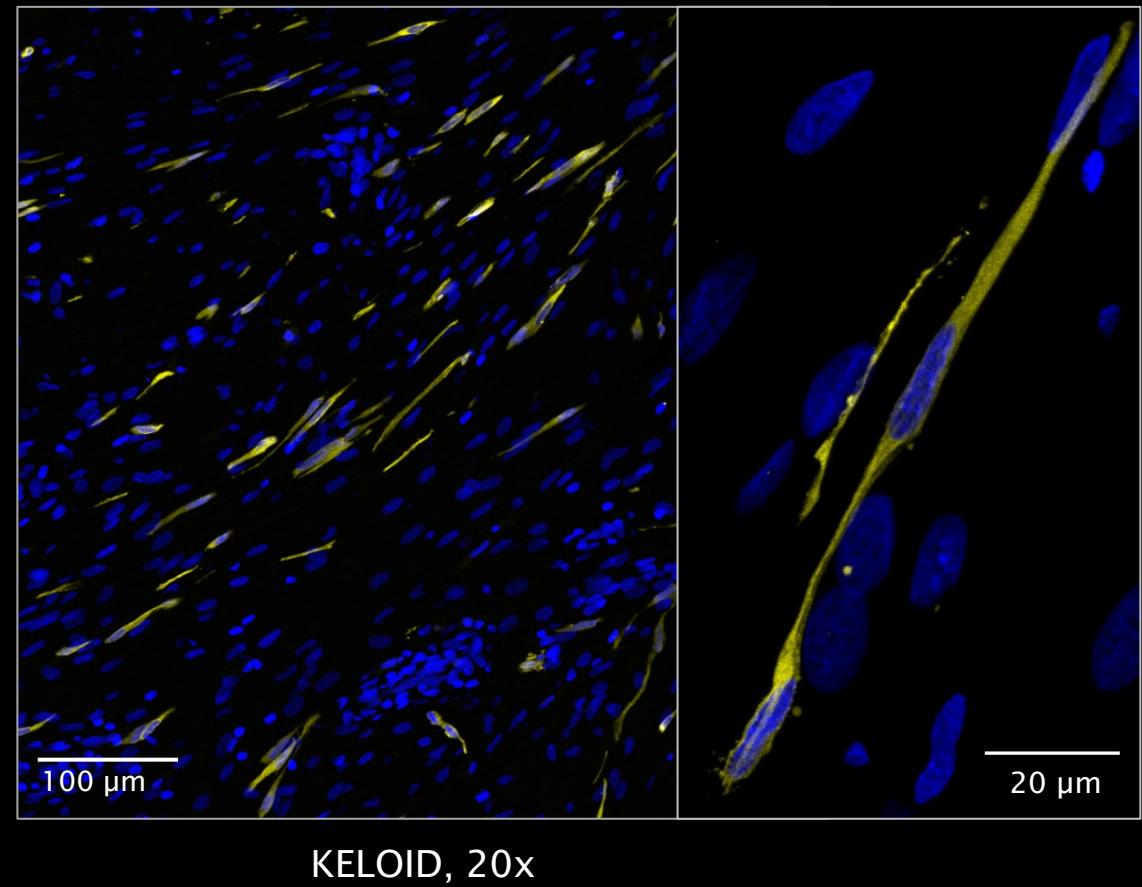
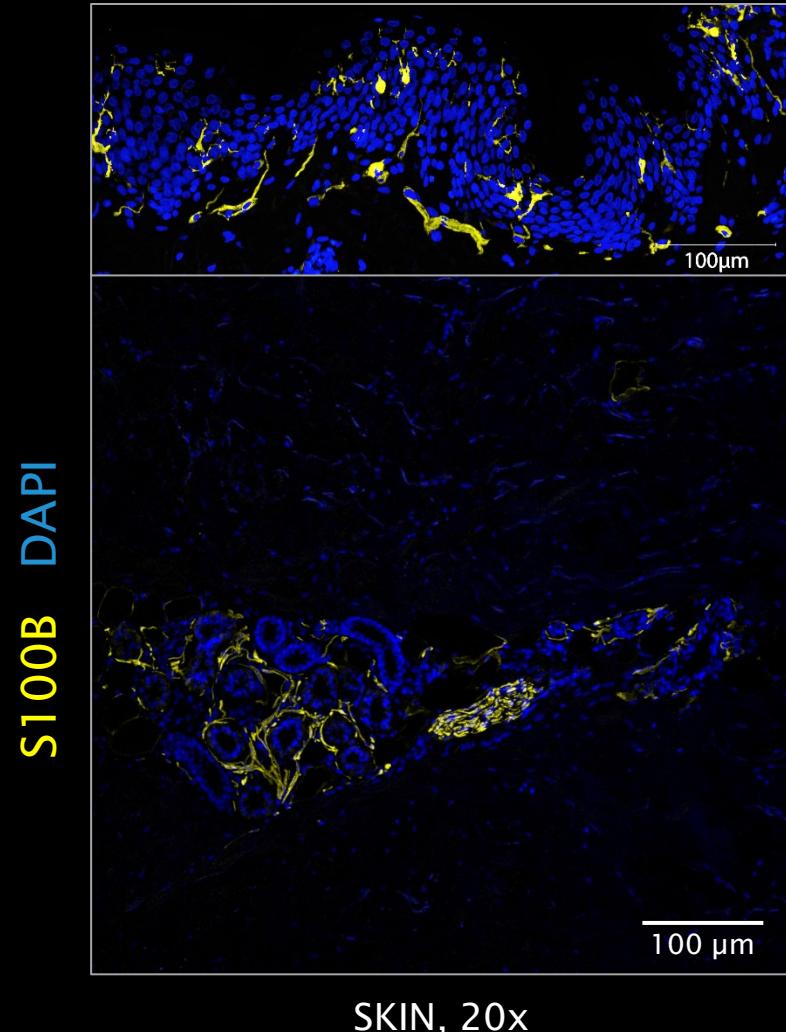
Parfejevs V, Debbache J, Shakhova O, Schaefer SM, Glausch M, Wegner M, Suter U, Riekstina U, Werner S, Sommer L. Injury-activated glial cells promote wound healing of the adult skin in mice. Nat Commun. 2018 Jan 16;9(1):236. doi: 10.1038/s41467-017-01488-2. PMID: 29339718; PMCID: PMC5770460. Format:

Schwann cell transformation upon injury

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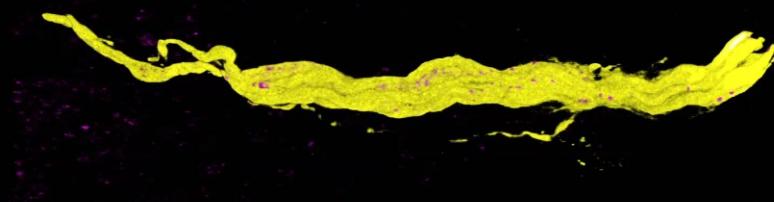


Schwann cells in Keloids vs. Healthy Skin

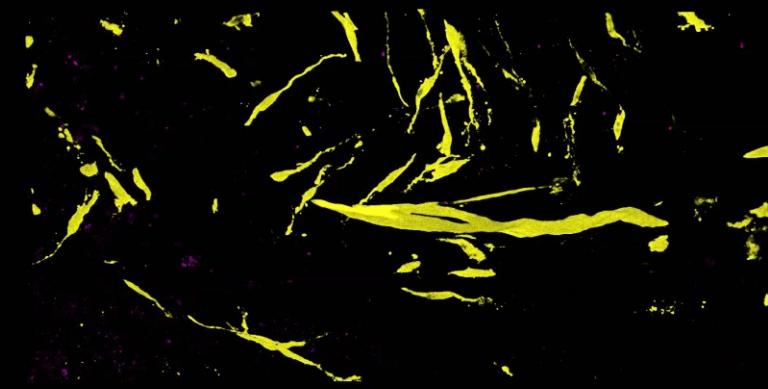


Autonomous Schwann cells in Keloids

Skin



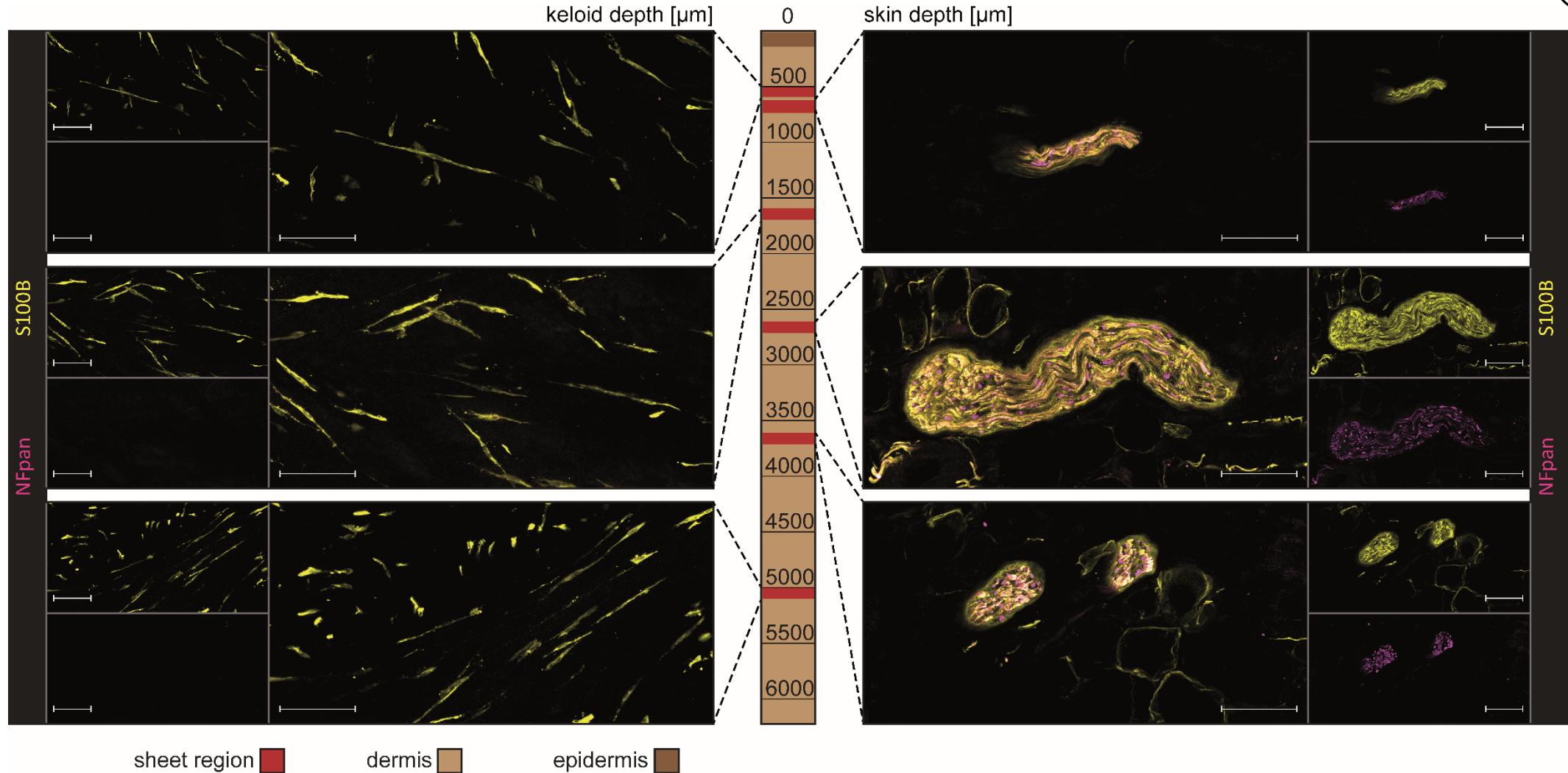
Keloid



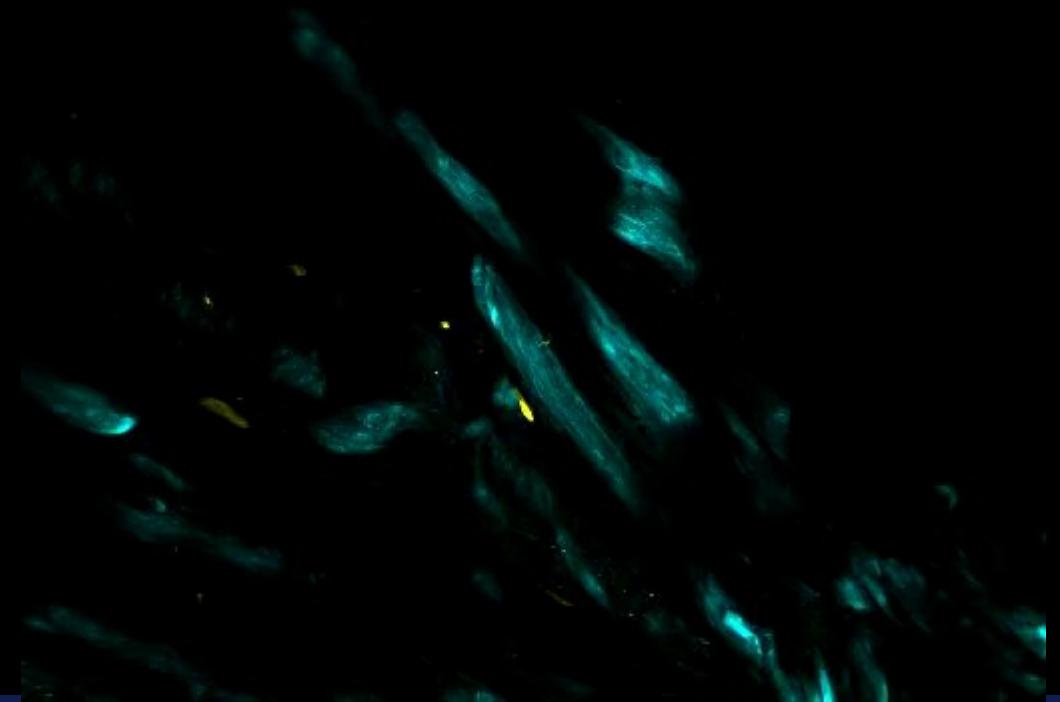
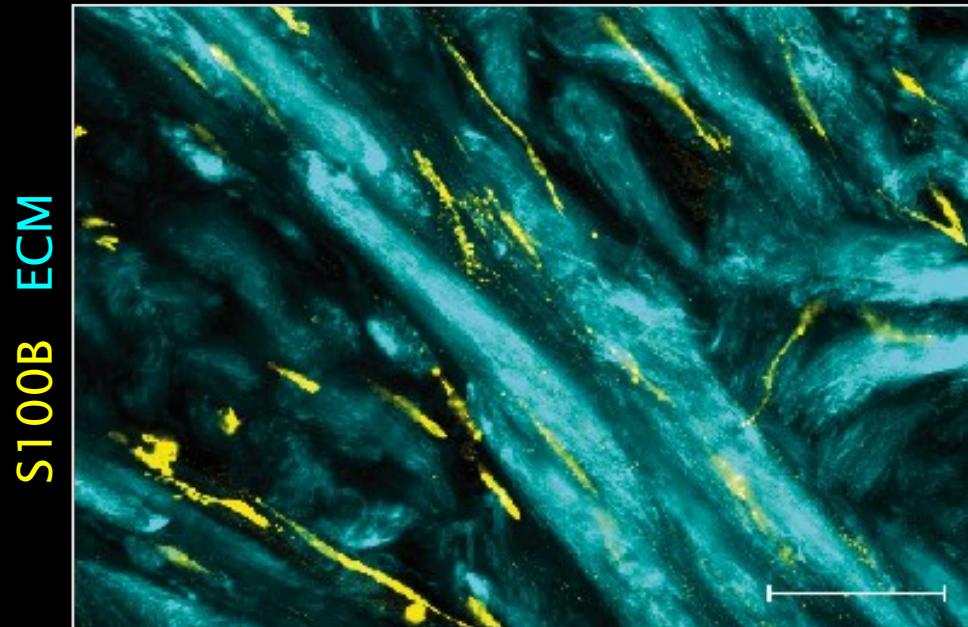
S100B- Schwann cells
PGP9.5 - Axon marker

Schwann cells in Keloids vs. Healthy Skin

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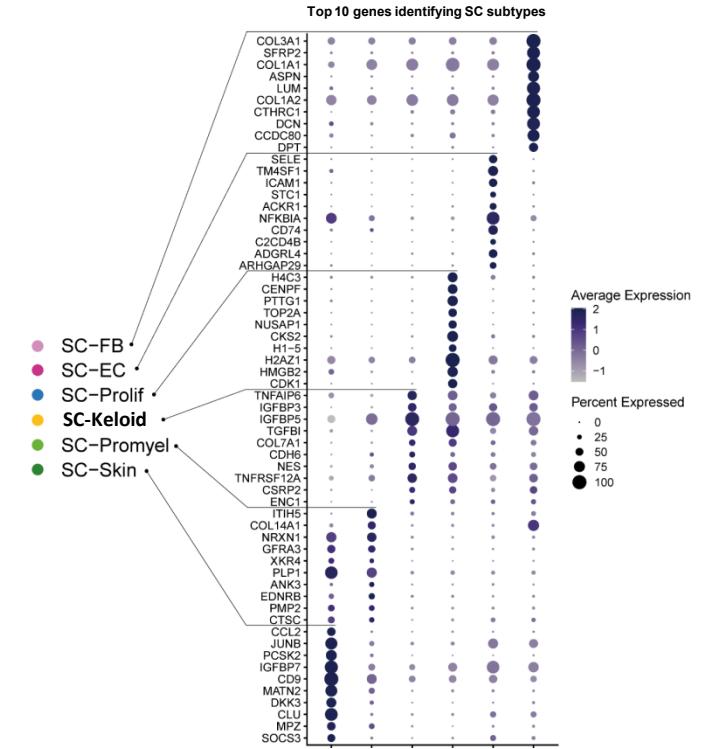
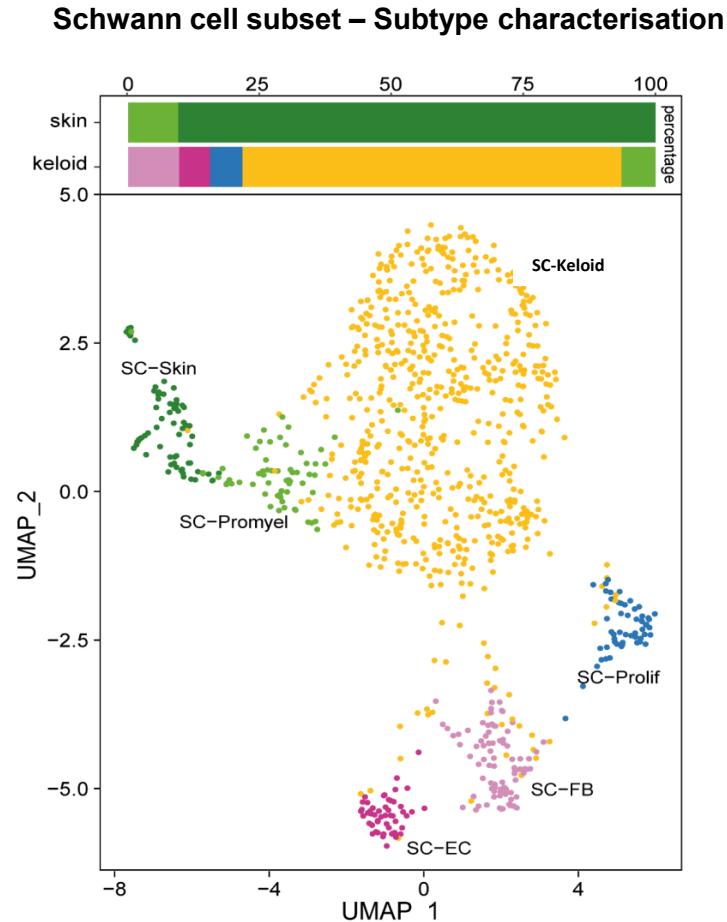


Schwann cells align closely with collagen bundles



Subtype characterisation of Schwann cells

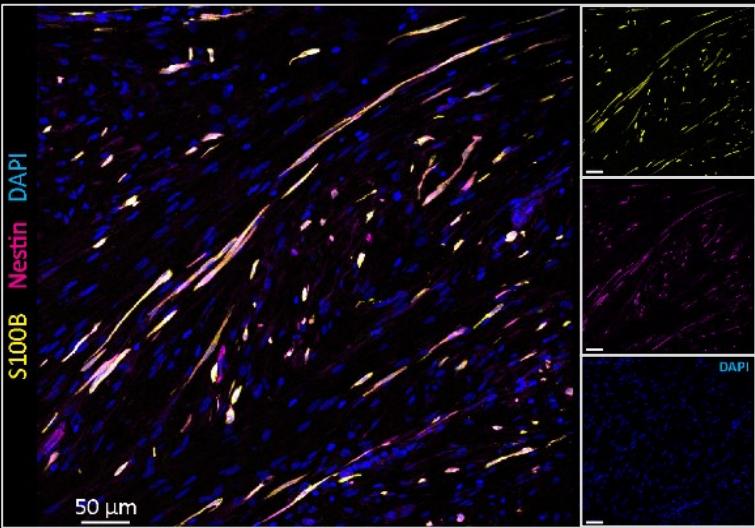
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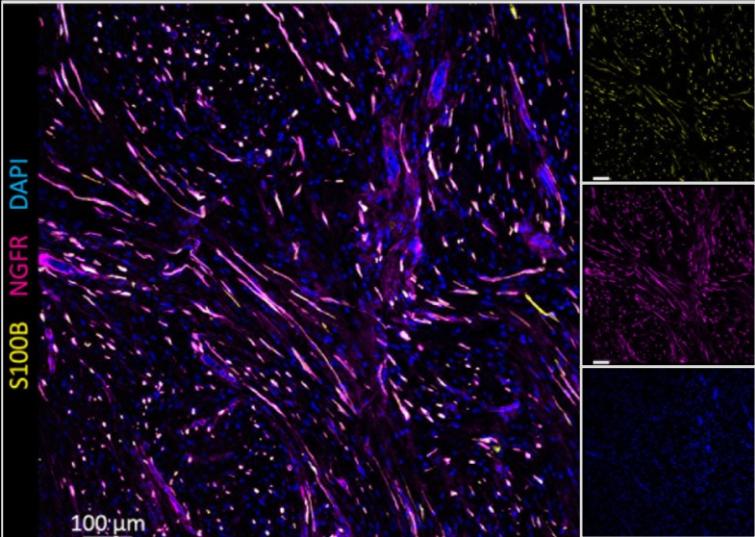
Most Schwann Cells express markers characteristic for repair Schwann cells in Keloids



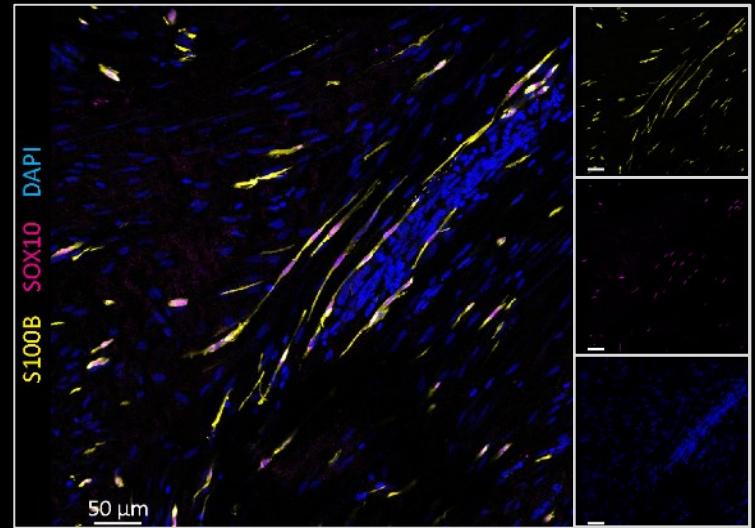
Nestin



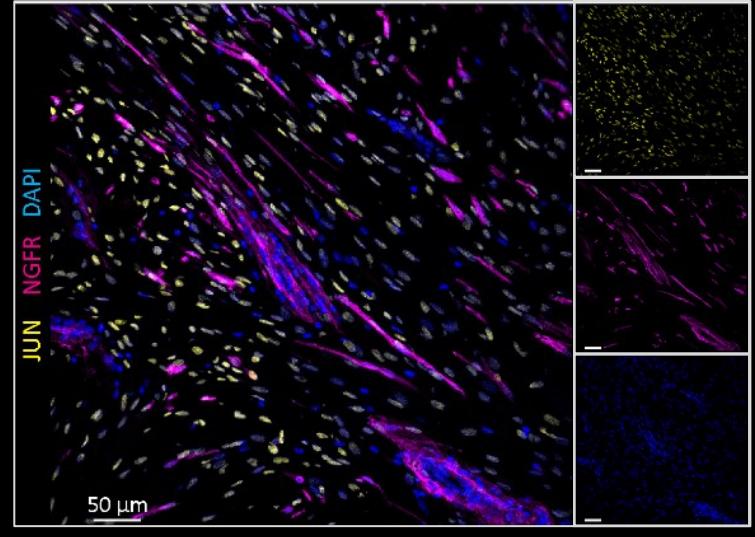
NGFR



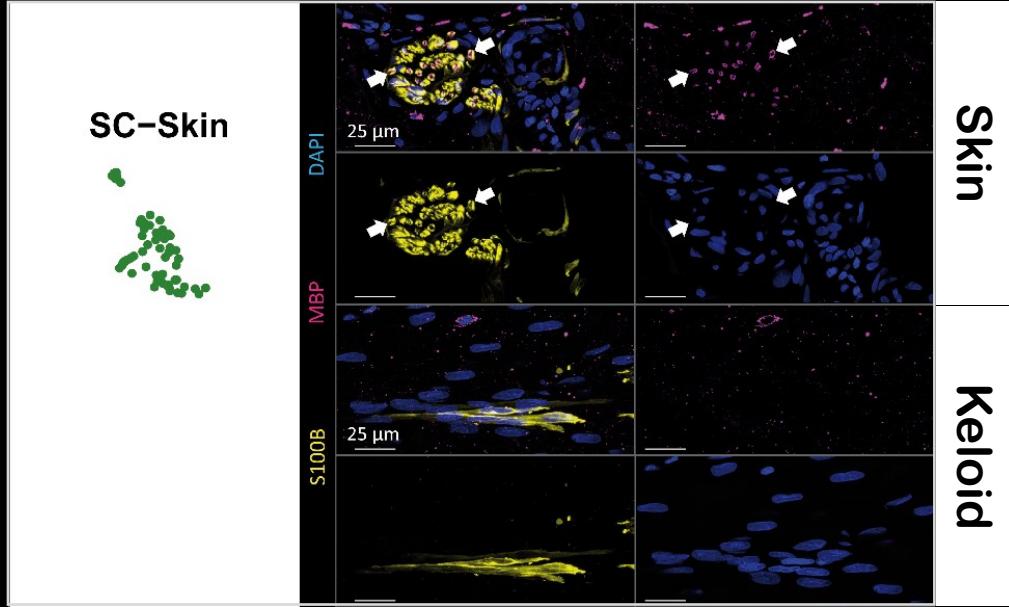
SOX10



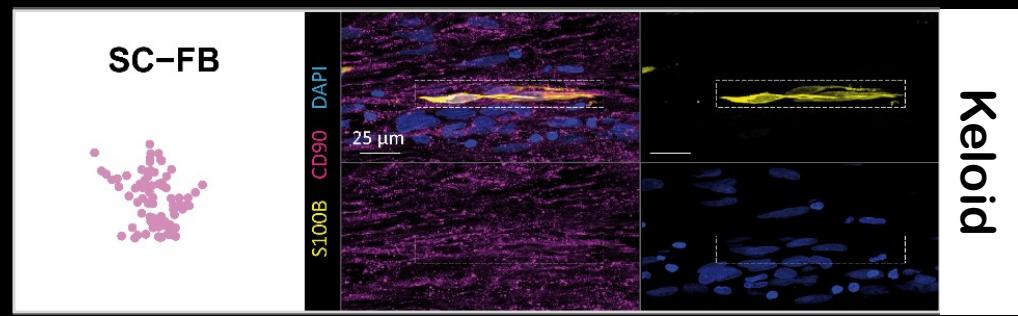
JUN



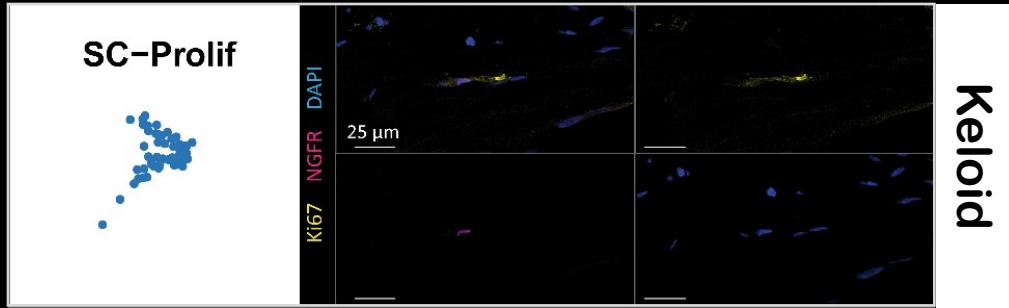
Verification of Schwann cell subtypes by IF-staining



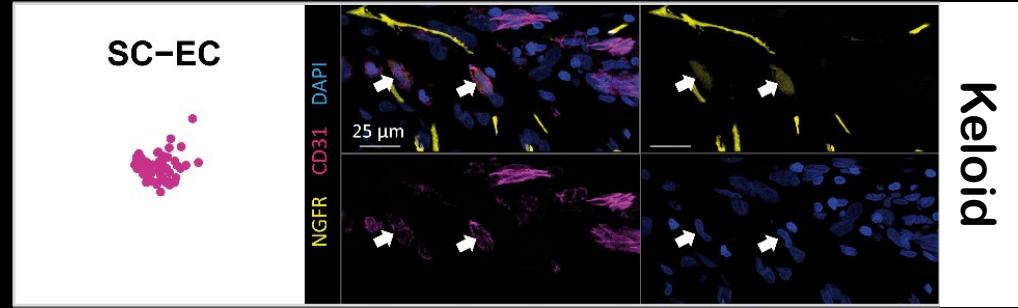
Skin



Keloid



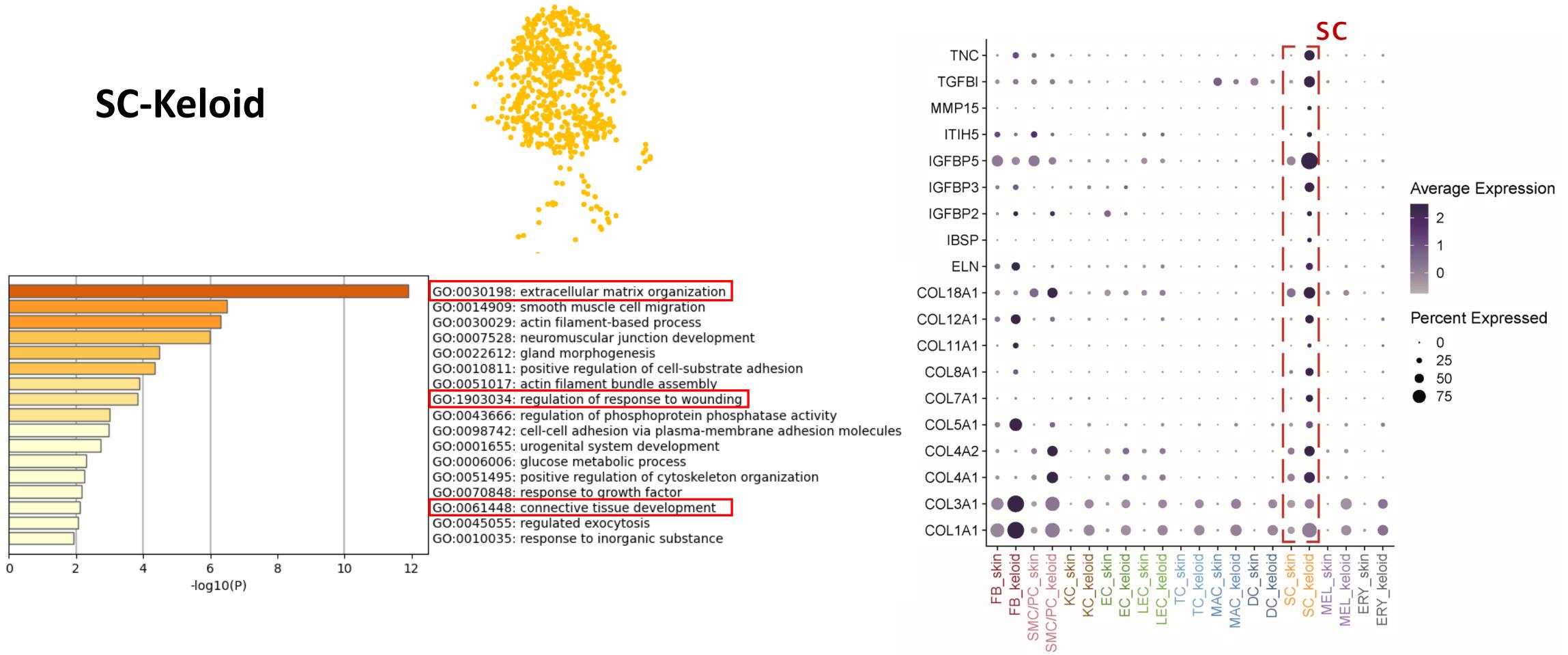
Keloid



Keloid

Involvement of keloidal repair-SCs in Matrix formation

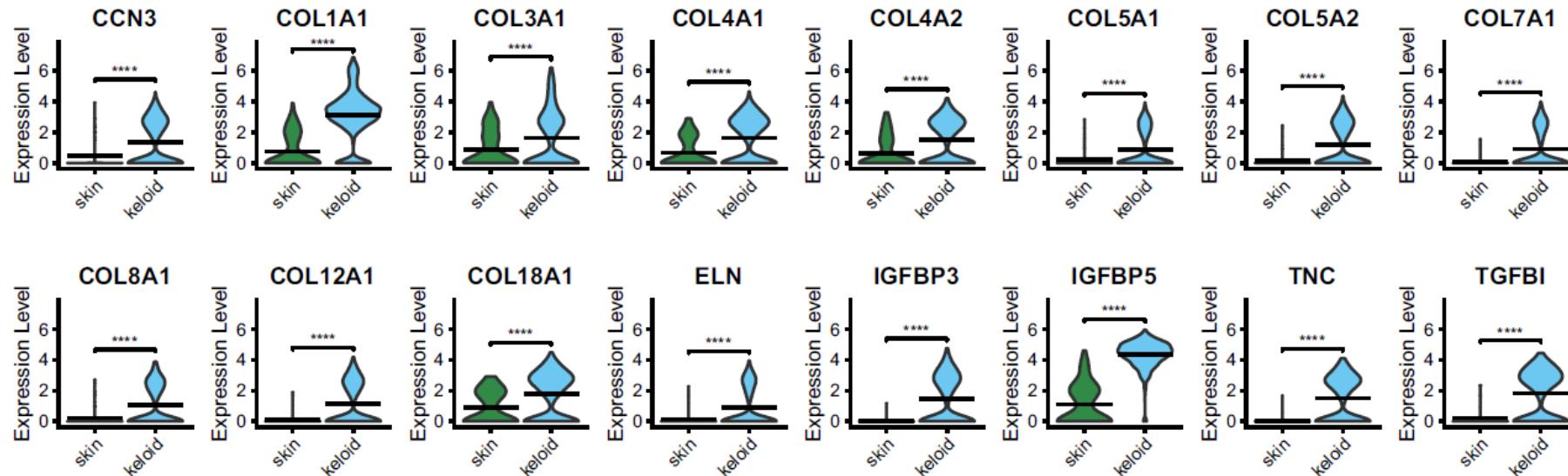
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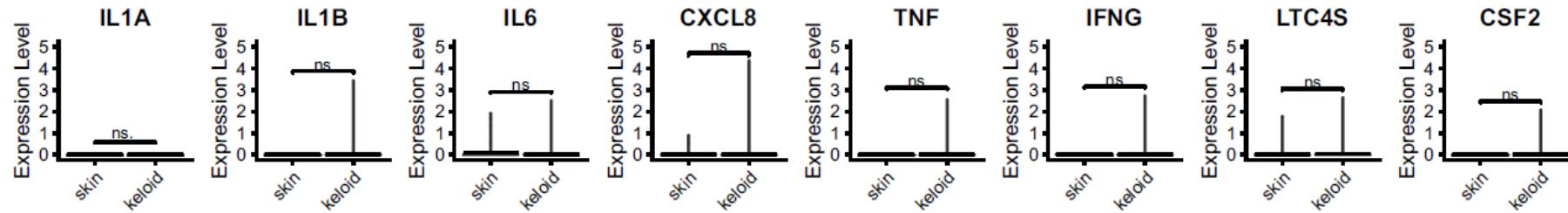
Involvement of keloidal SCs in Matrix formation

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Matrix-associated gene expression in SCs

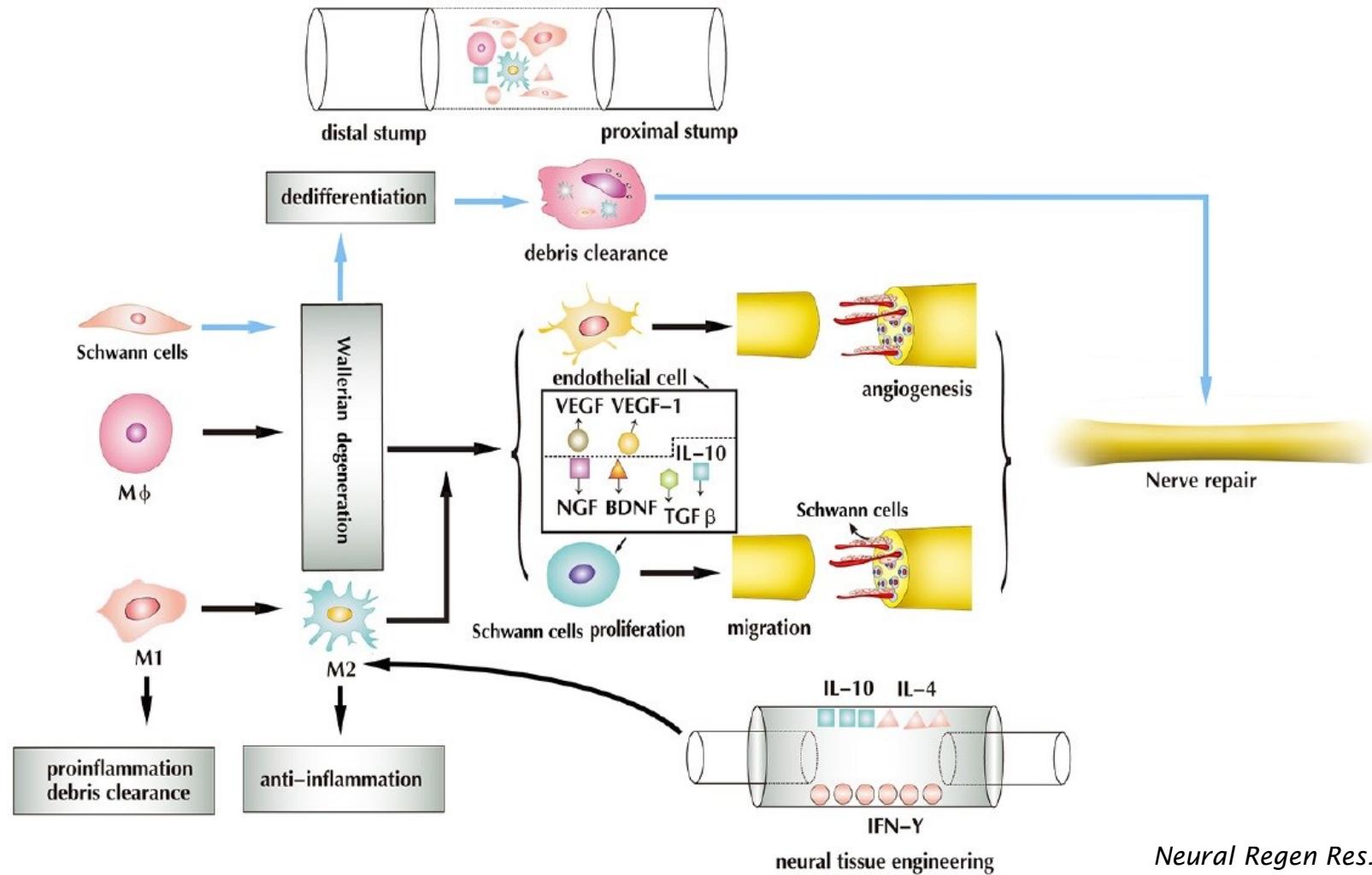


Inflammation-associated gene expression in SCs



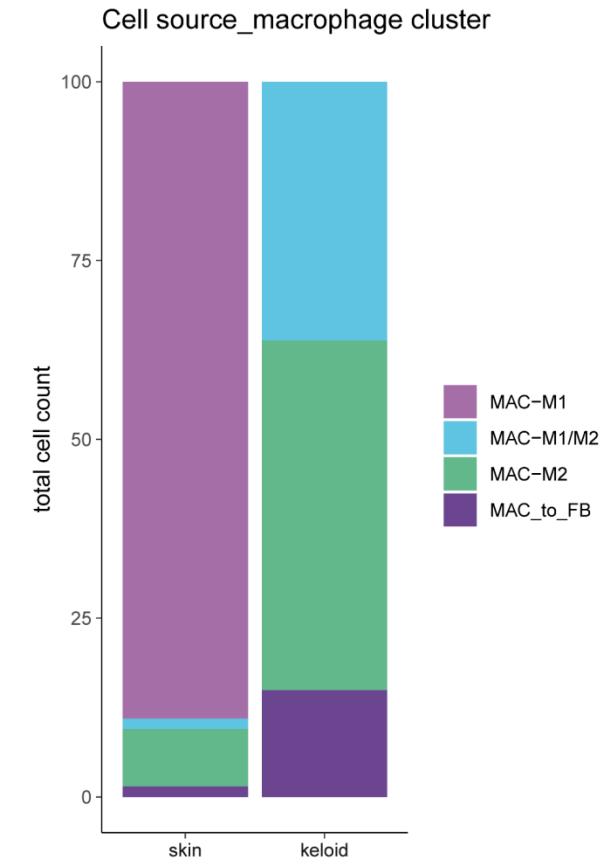
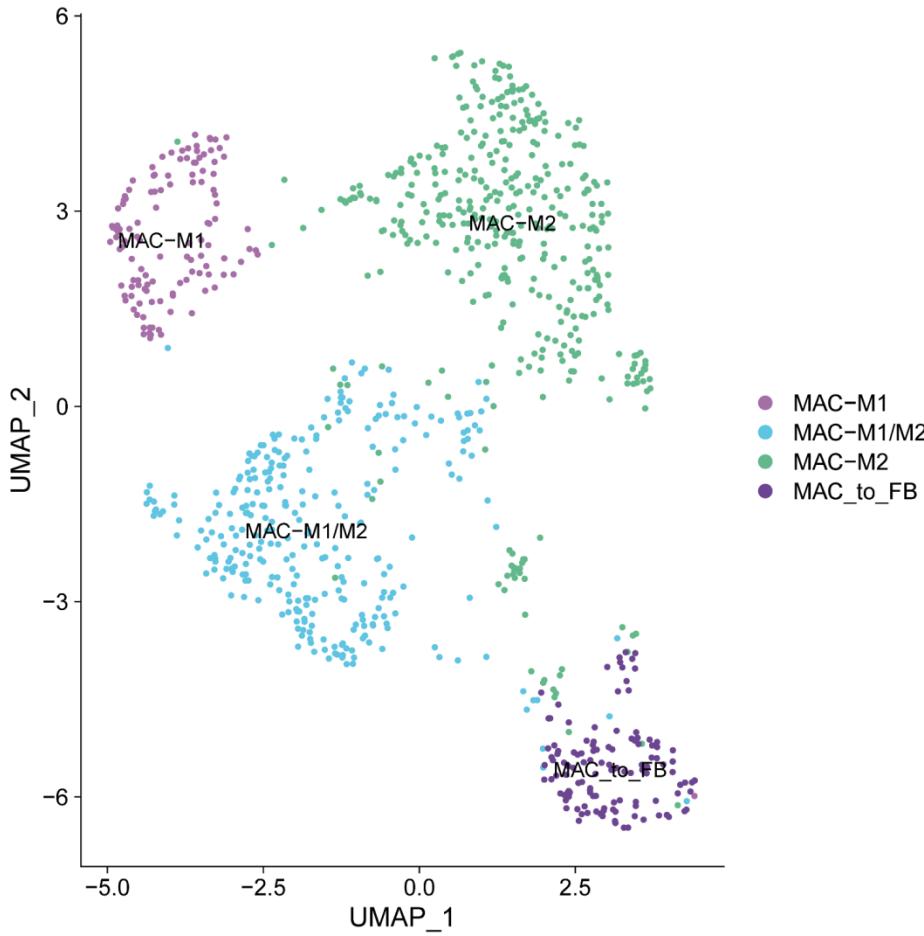
Role of macrophages in peripheral nerve injury and repair

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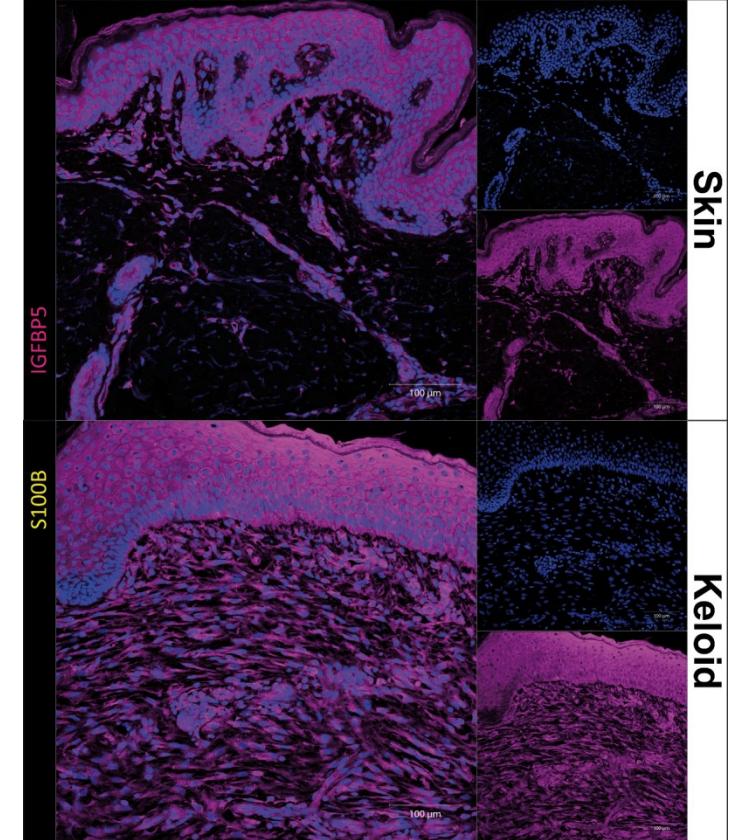
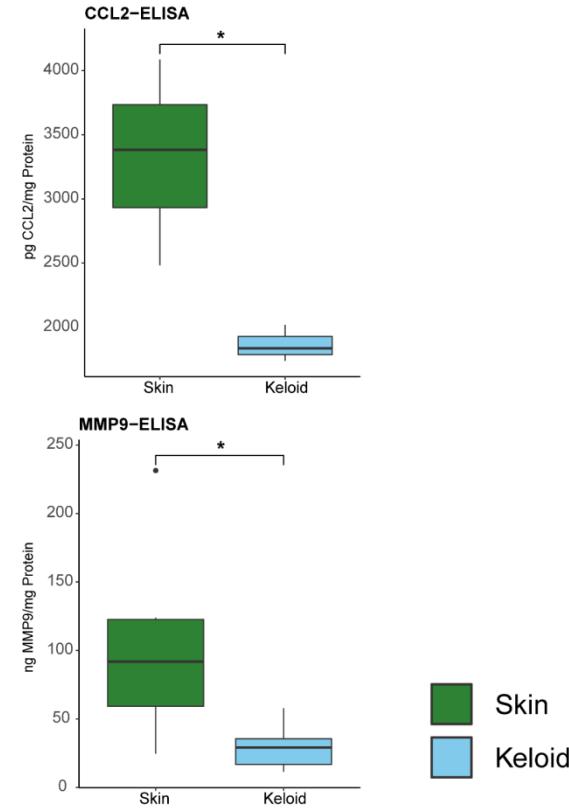
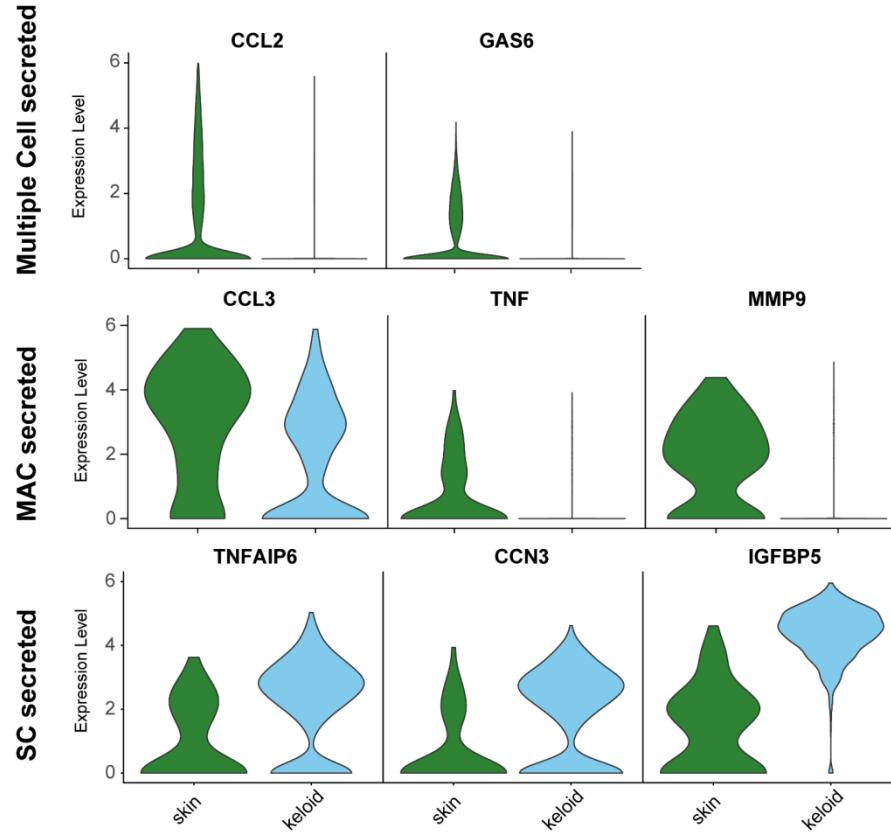
M2-Macrophage are enriched in Keloids

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The Keloid microenvironment affects Macrophage function further promoting keloid growth

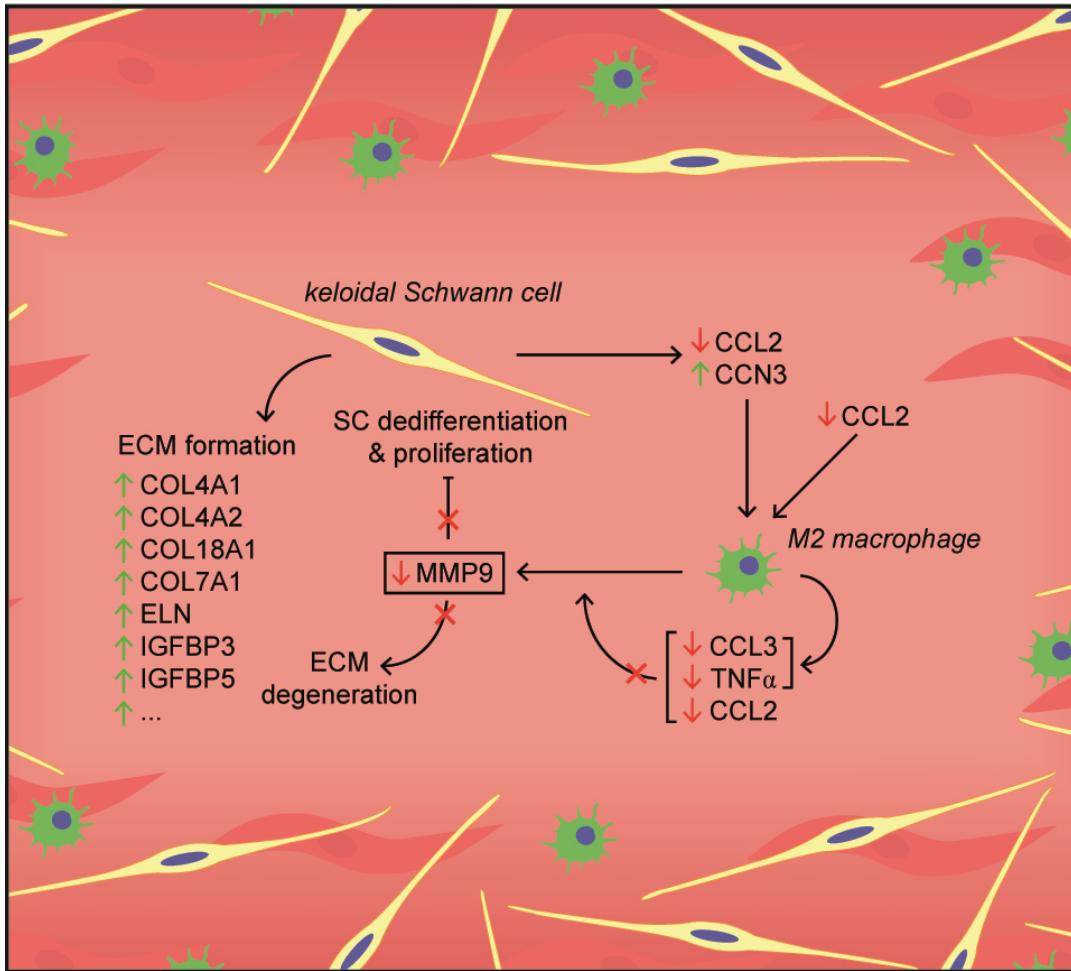
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SC-MAC interaction

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Schwann cell - Macrophage interaction in keloids



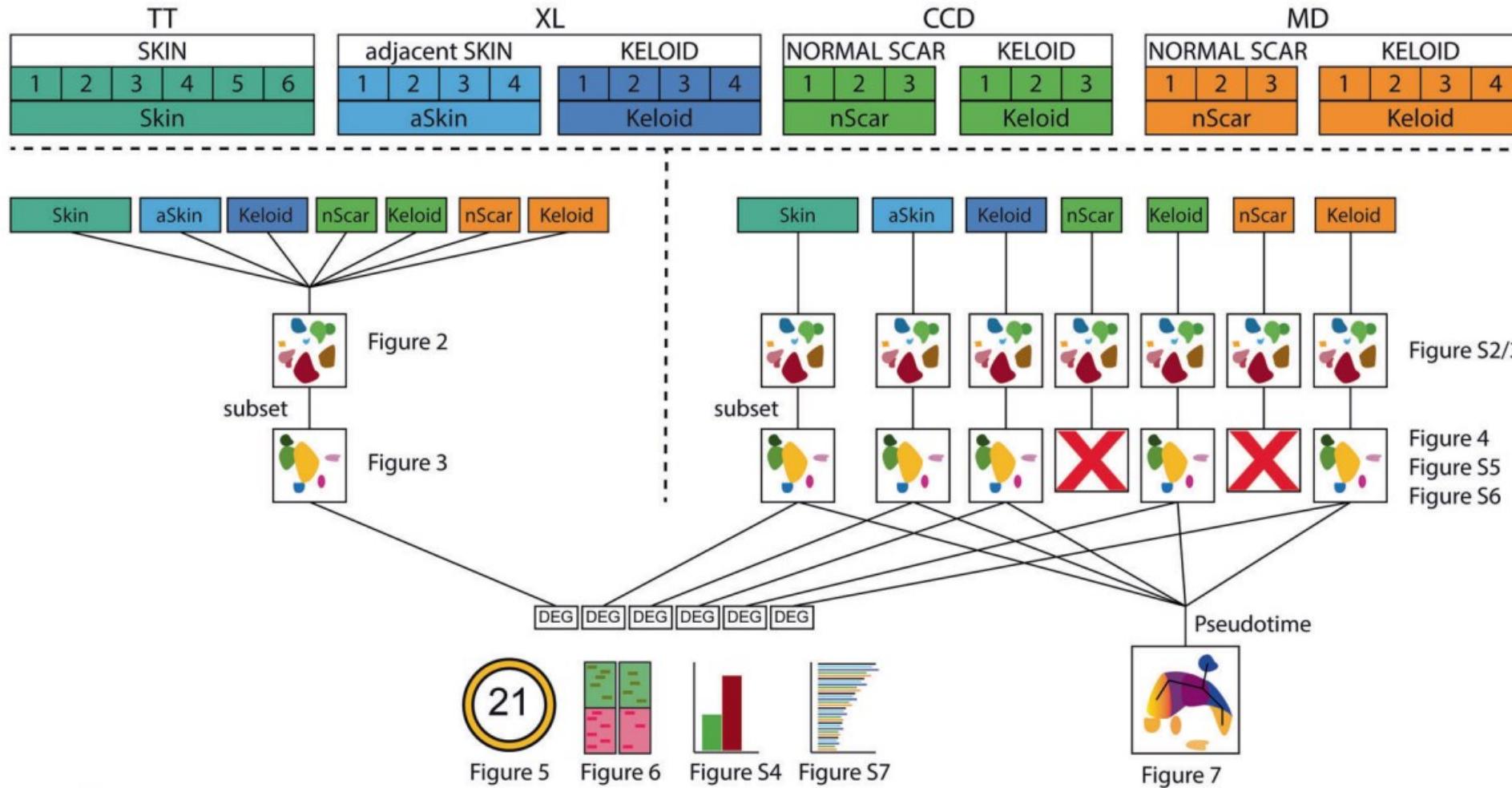
Aim of the second study

2

„Verification of keloidal Schwann cells by the investigation of independent datasets from skin, scars, and keloids“

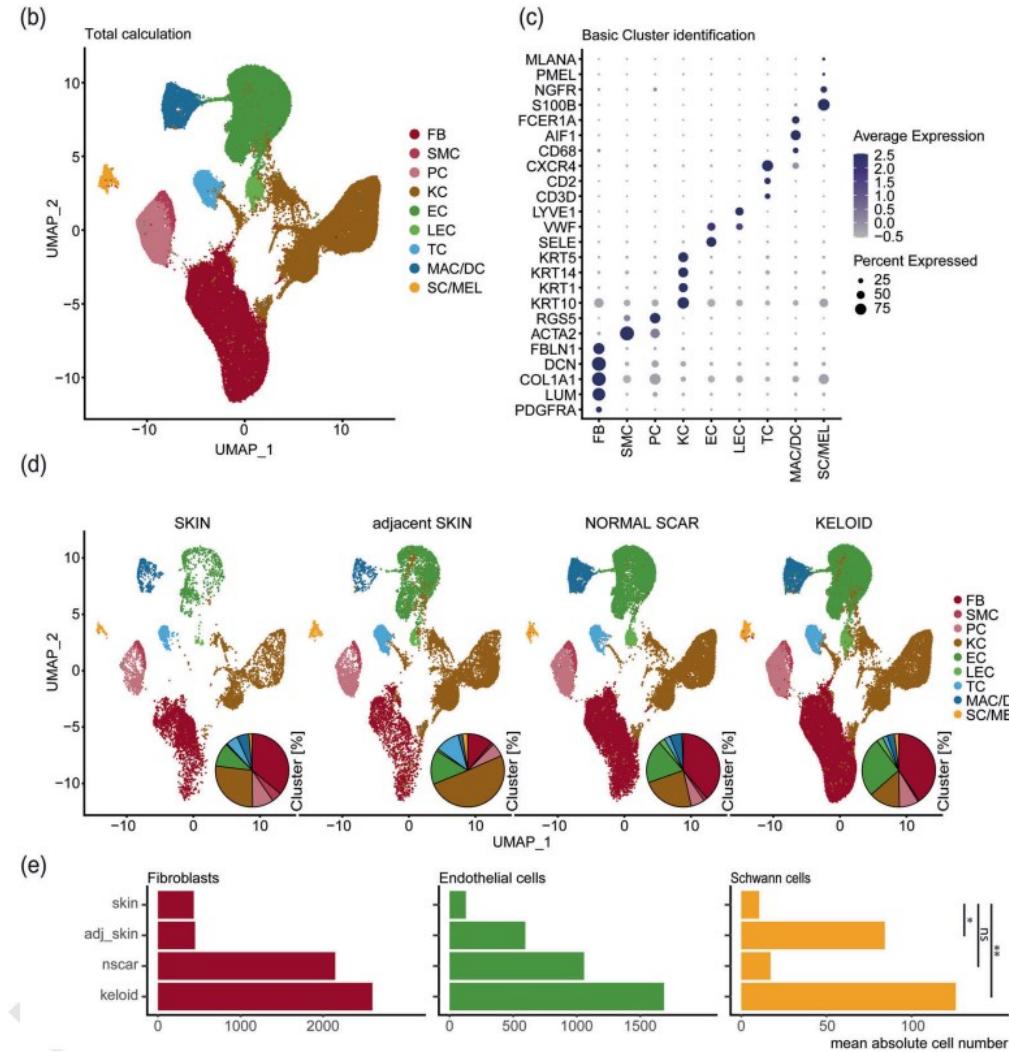
Extensive Data Analysis: total

2



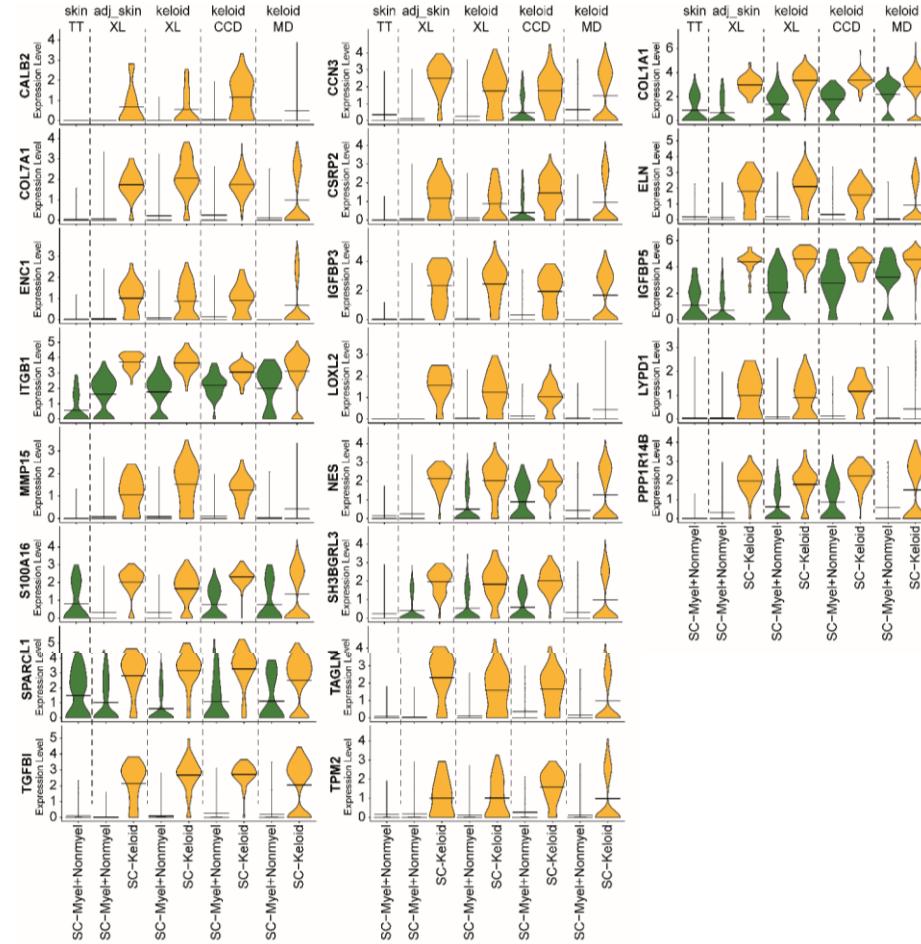
Significant increase of SC-Keloid in Keloids confirmed

2

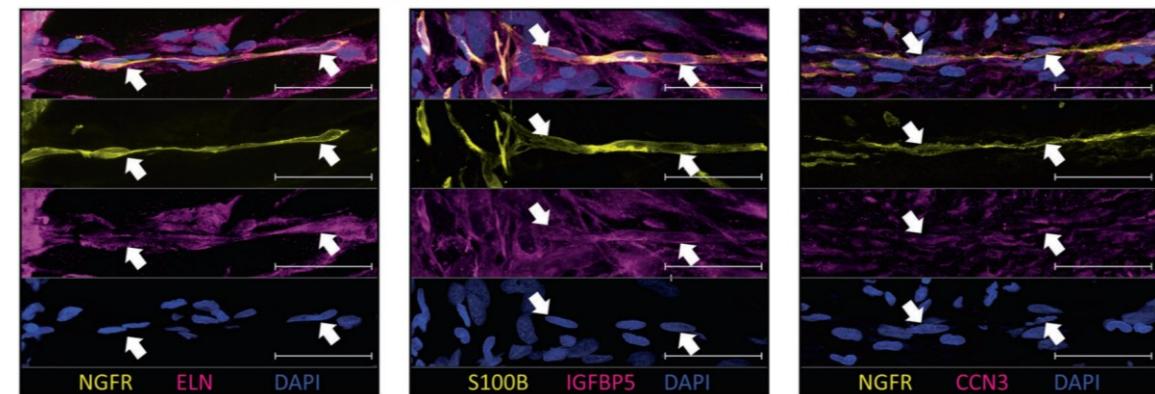
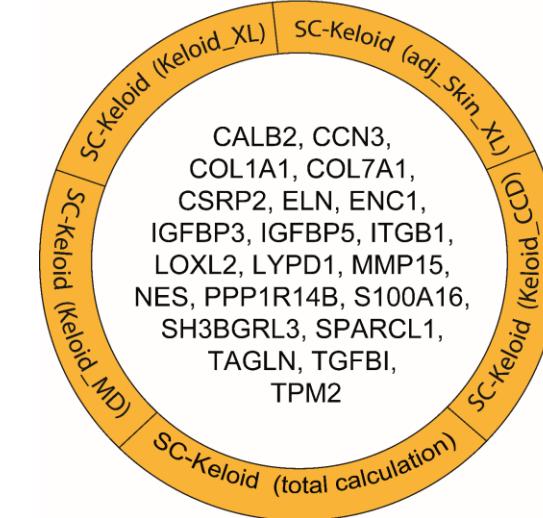


Transcriptional profile of SC-Keloid is conserved across multiple scRNAseq studies

2

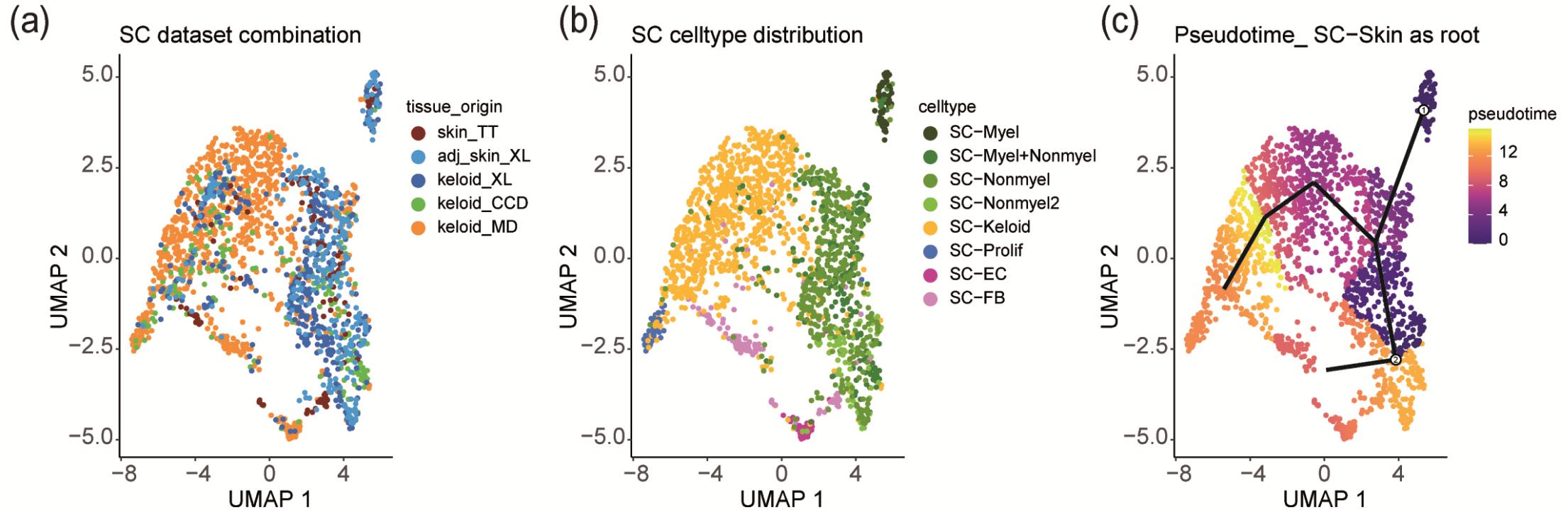


SC-Keloid gene expression pattern



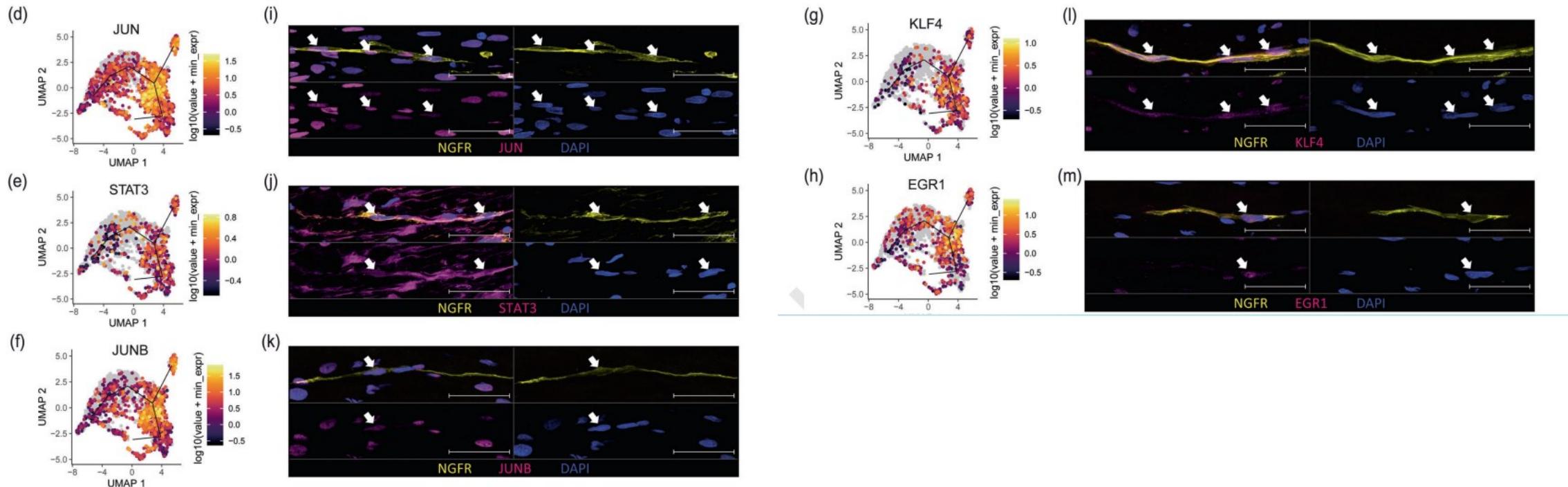
Pseudotime analysis uncovers pivotal genes in the dedifferentiation track of Schwann cells

2

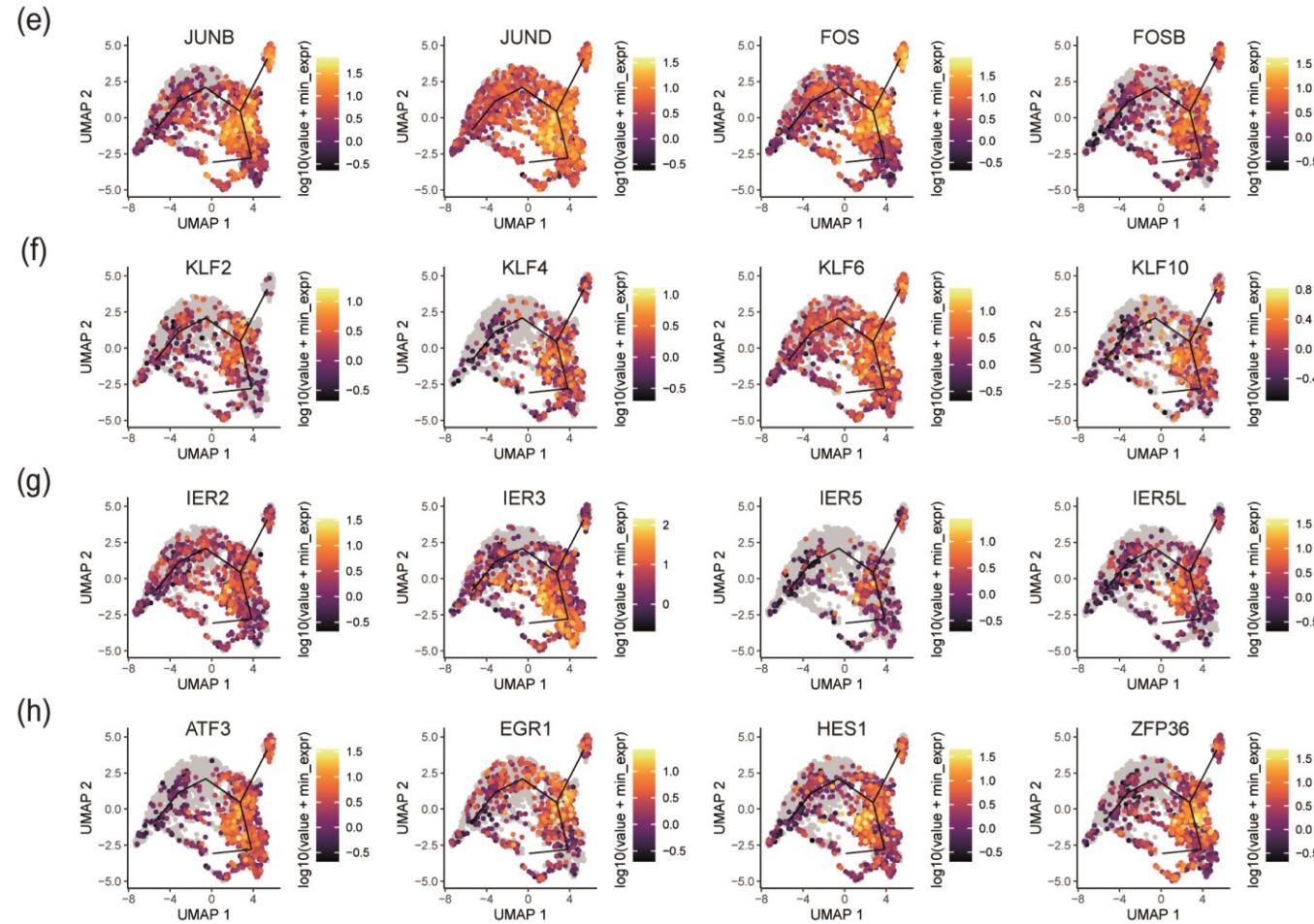


Pseudotime analysis uncovers pivotal genes in the dedifferentiation track of Schwann cells

2



Bioinformatics analysis provided evidence for a role of transcription factors of the AP1, STAT, and KLF families



Summary

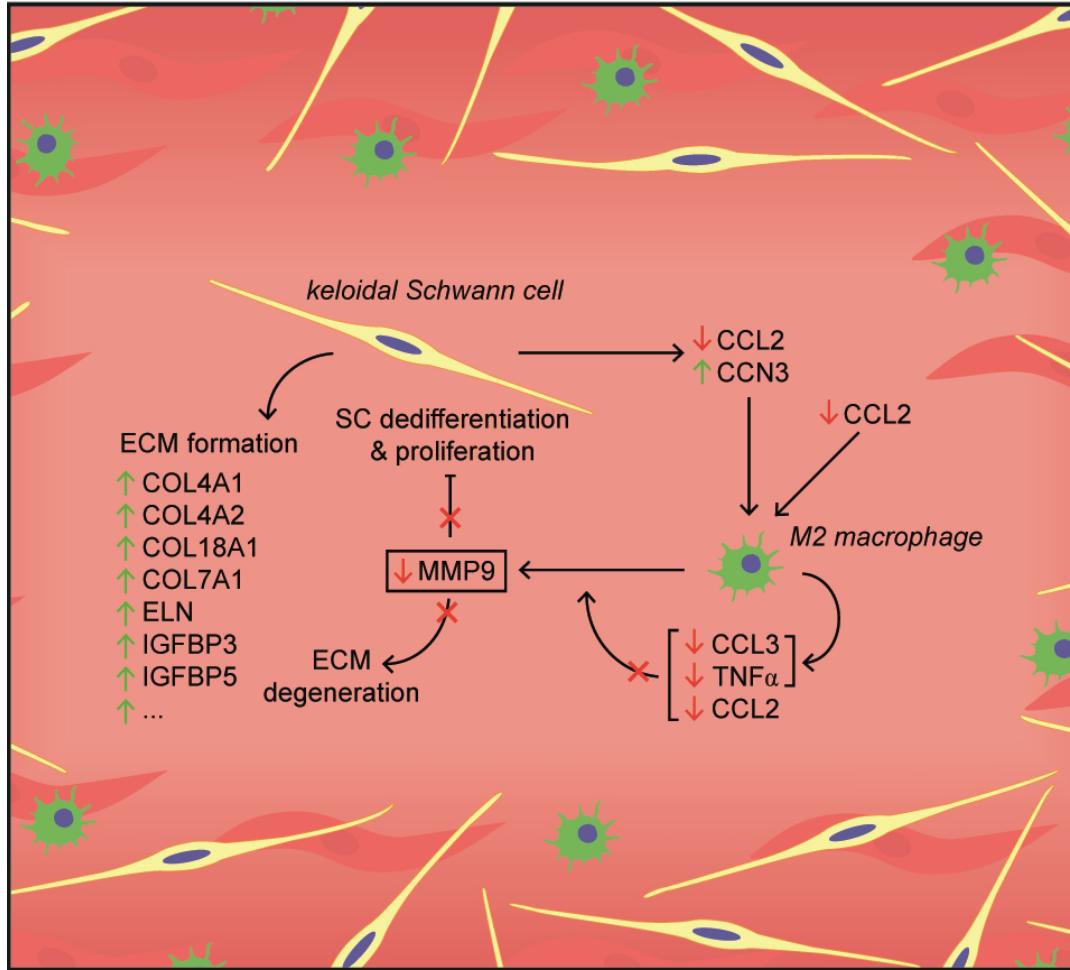


- 1) Schwann cells dedifferentiate, proliferate and in the keloid stroma
- 2) Schwann cells support extracellular matrix formation in keloids
- 3) Keloidal Schwann cells express a characteristic transcriptional pattern

SC-MAC interaction



Schwann cell - Macrophage interaction in keloids





Jan Ankersmit
Michael Mildner
Tamara Weiss
Maria Laggner
Dragan Copic
Katharina Klas
Daniel Bormann
Matthias Wielscher
Karin Pfisterer

Thank you!

„The time is out of joint!“

[William Shakespear, Hamlet]

Thank you!