



RESEARCH ARTICLE

LUNG DISEASE

Pulmonary transplantation of macrophage progenitors as effective and long-lasting therapy for hereditary pulmonary alveolar proteinosis

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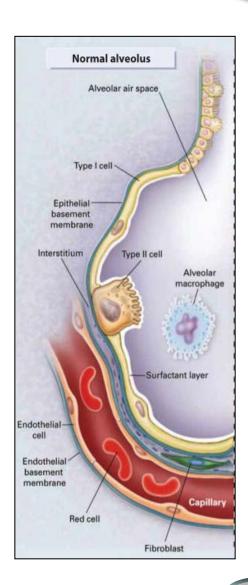
Alveolar Macrophage (AM)



Primary cell in lung defense

Phagocytosis of:

- o invading microorganisms
- surfactant proteins





Pulmonary Alveolar Proteinosis (PAP)



Genetics

Hereditary (herPAP): mutations in the CSF2RA or CSF2RB genes

- Defect in GM-CSF signaling
- Blockade in terminal alveolar macrophage differentiation
- Ineffective phagocytosis
- Protein aggregation
- Accumulation of surfactant

Consequences

- Massive protein accumulation in the lungs
- Respiratory failure
- Susceptibility to infections

- → Rare
- → Life-threatening
- → Onset: pre-school age



AIM



Analysis of the therapeutic potential of intrapulmonary transplanted macrophage progenitors

Mouse model of organotropic transplantation of myeloid progenitor cells in PAP

Csf2rb^{-/-} mice

- knock-out for CSF2RB gene
- PAP model



B6 strain

- carries CD45.1 isotype
- enables tracing of cells

huPAP mice

 targeted replacement of murine by human IL-3/GM-CSF



NSG mice

- NOD scid gamma
- immunodeficiency enables transplantation



Csf2rb-/- mice display all main features of human herPAP

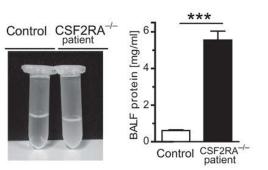


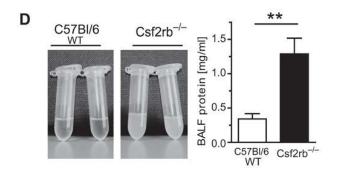
features of human herPAP

3-year girl mouse A Control CSF2RA^{-/-} patient Chest computed tomography (CCT) B C57Bl/6 WT Csf2rb^{-/-}

BAL fluid turbidity and proteinosis

C



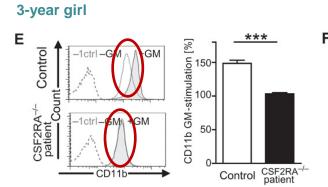




Csf2rb^{-/-} mice display all main features of human herPAP

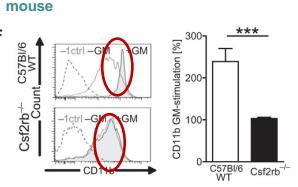


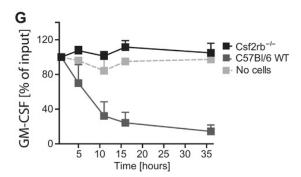
Stimulation of hu-granulocytes or m-bone marrow cells with GM-CSF



→ No upregulation of CD11b expression

Consumption of GM-CSF in murine cells





Csf2rb-/- Mouse model mimics human disease in regard to protein accumulation and defect in GM-CSF signaling



Long-term pulmonary engraftment



Engraftment of CD45.1

donor-derived cells

Csf2rb^{-/-}

6 weeks

9 months CD45.1

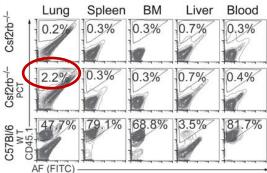
FSC

Csf2rb^{-/-}

Experimental design

Healthy donor herPAP model C57Bl/6 WT Bone marrow PCT pulmonary cell transplantation Csf2rb-/- Csf2rb-/- Csf2rb-/- Csf2rb-/-

Donor-derived cells exclusively found in the lungs



Donor-derived cells can be detected up to 9 months after transplantation



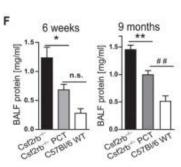
Improvement of PAP-phenotype



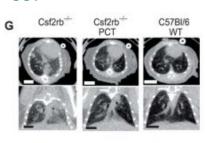
BAL fluid turbidity

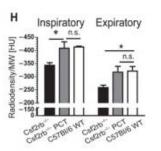
Csf2rb⁺ Csf2rb⁺ C57Bl/6 PCT WT

Proteinosis

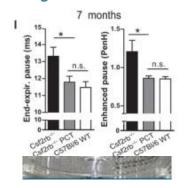


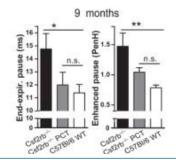
CCT

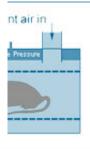


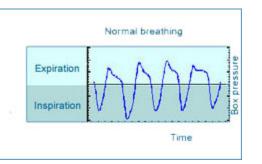


Lung function – whole body plethysmography







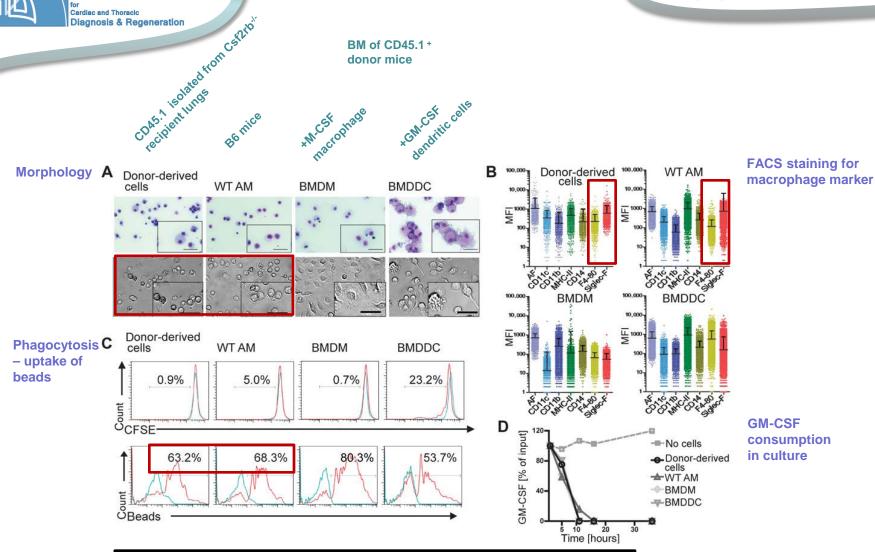


Proteinosis is resolved and respiratory function is restored



Differentiation of transplanted cells





CD45.1+ isolated from Csf2rb-/- recipient lungs undergo differentiation into functional macrophages



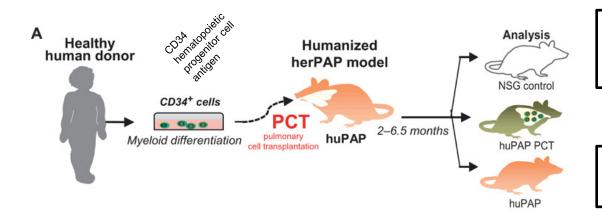
Transplantation of human macrophage progenitors



Mouse model

- ✓ Long-term engraftment of donor cells
- ✓ Improvement of PAP phenotype
- Differentiation in functional macrophages

Also working for human cells?



NSG mice

- NOD scid gamma
- immunodeficiency enables transplantation

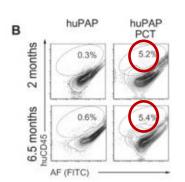
huPAP mice

- targeted replacement of murine by human IL-3/GM-CSF



Transplantation of human macrophage progenitors

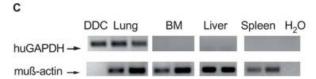




huCD45+ cells in recipient mice

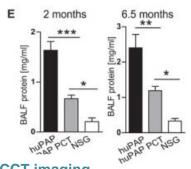
Long-term engraftment of donor cells

RT-PCR with primers for human or murine cells

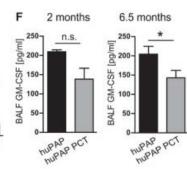


Lung-specific engraftment

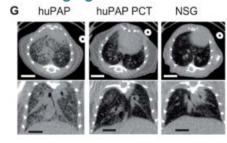
Proteinosis

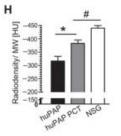


GM-CSF accumulation

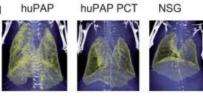


CCT imaging

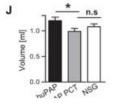








3D rendering of CCT data depicting lung density and structural changes



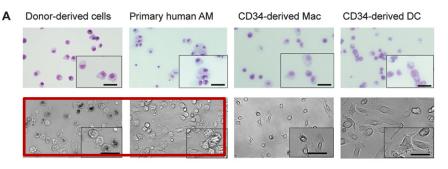
Inspiratory volume



Differentiation of transplanted cells

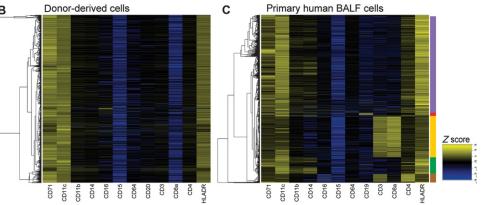


Morphology



Donor-derived cells resemble primary human AM morphology

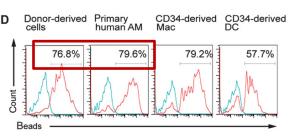
Heat map

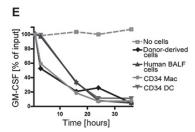


- **(B)** Transplanted cells express markers characteristic for AM
- high expression of CD71, CD11c, and MHC-II
- low expression of CD11b, CD14
- **(C)** Hierachical clustering of CD45+: clear clusters of T cells, B cells and macrophages

Phagocytosis

– uptake of
beads





GM-CSF consumption in culture



Summary



Two mouse models for organotropic transplantation of macrophage progenitors cell in herPAP were established

- single transplantation
- exclusive pulmonary engraftment
- in situ differntiation
- long-term persistence of donor-derived cells

no monitoring beyond 9 months age

- transplantation of progenitor cells may reduce risk of secondary cancer development compared to HSC transplant
- HSC-based gene therapy for herPAP in Csf2br-/- mice model

